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NO JEWISH STATE IN PALESTINE

Arabs Reject Proposal For Partition

PLAIN-SPEAKING AT LONDON CONFERENCE

Zionist Problem Must Find World-Wide Solution

LONDON, September 11. (Reuter): "No part of Palestine should be cut off to make homes for peoples of different nationalities", declared Faris Bey el Khouri, the Syrian delegate, presenting the Arab case before the resumed sitting of the Palestine Conference to-day.

He made it abundantly clear that Arab States were opposed to the setting up of a Jewish State in Palestine. Arabs agreed that a solution, as Mr. Attlee had said, was not impossible. But a solution would not be found in the admission of more Jews into Palestine or in setting up of a Jewish State, but by what he described as the rational, simple method of regarding it as an Arab country.

At the end of Faris Bey's address the conference went into private session and Mr. Attlee left the conference.

BEVIN'S PLEA FOR BROAD VIEW

A 'communique' was issued tonight giving a bare outline of the proceedings at the Palestine Conference after Mr. Faris Bey had made his speech on behalf of the Arab delegates.

The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, the 'communique' said, stressed the international aspects of the Palestine question and asked the Conference to take the broadest view.

Azzam Pasha, Secretary General of the Arab League, expressed general agreement with Mr. Bevin's approach after which Mr. George Hall, the Colonial Secretary, explained the British plan for provincial autonomy.

After exchange of views the Conference adjourned until tomorrow when morning and evening sessions will be held.

FARIS BEY'S DECLARATION

The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee; the Foreign Minister, Mr. Ernest Bevin; and the Secretary for Colonies, Mr. George Hall, were present at the opening session of the second day of the Palestine Conference at Lancaster House, London, this morning to hear the Syrian delegate, His Excellency Faris Bey el Khouri, give the formal Arab reply to the Prime Minister's opening address yesterday.

After thanking Mr. Attlee and the British Government for the welcome they had extended to the delegates and the opportunities afforded them to facilitate their work, Faris Bey said that the last quarter of a century had witnessed continuous effort by all Arab peoples to realise their independence, many of the ideas for which they strove had already been attained despite the obstacles they had encountered.

In that connection, it was only right that they should express their appreciation of the goodwill shown by Great Britain in sympathising with the Arab movement and in supporting some of the Arab countries in the attainment of their aims for independence and freedom.

In particular, close relations had developed between Great Britain and the Arab countries as a result of the collaboration which began in the First World War, in the course of which Arabs made their contribution to a common victory.

But, if they recalled the political successes achieved by other Arab countries, they could not but express the deepest sorrow that the bonds which weighed so heavily upon their sister country, Palestine, had prevented her from keeping step with them.

PALESTINE VICTIMISED

In the common struggle, Palestine was a partner of Syria, the Lebanon and Transjordan. She was their comrade in the stand against the Ottoman Empire and from social and economic point of view she was in every respect their equal. In spite of these facts, however, she fell behind those countries in the realisation of her political aspirations and

(Continued on Page 5.)

About 900 pilgrims left for Haj on Tuesday. Photo shows the pilgrims assembling at a Bombay dock.

'CHAPPAL' HURLED AT INDIAN PASSENGERS AT SINGAPORE

Chettur Denounces Naval Officers' Impudence: Banerjee Of Congress Medical Mission Assaulted

SINGAPORE, Sept. 11 (Reuter).—Incidents connected with the embarkation of 300 First Class Indian passengers on the steamer 'Cameronia' under the command of the Divisional Sea Transport Officer have drawn a statement from Mr. S. K. Chettur, Government of India's Representative, which criticises the behaviour of the Naval Officer conducting the embarkation.

ASKED TO WAIT FOR EIGHT HOURS

In a written statement, Mr. Chettur said that the passengers assembled as instructed at 09-00 hours on Sep. 9 but were not allowed to embark until the sweepers were signed on. "At 11-30, I learned from Messrs. Islay Kerr (Shipping Agents) that sweepers would be signed on at 16-00 hours. I immediately sent representatives to the dock to inform the waiting crowd of First Class passengers of this change in the arrangements. About 17-15 hours the embarkation began."

"The Indian public naturally resented being asked to wait in this manner from 09-00 to 17-15 hours and had no transport to go back and come again. The process of embarkation was very much complicated by the attitude of one of the officers of the Principal Sea Transport Officer's Office (said to be of Lieutenant Commander's rank) who was consistently rude to the Indian passengers.

FIRST INCIDENT

"The first incident was when a Naval Officer pushed a sweeper who was leaving the ship and the latter left his sandals on the gangway. One of the staff unwisely threw a sandal at the Indian passengers and it hit a small child. An Indian gentleman got very annoyed and retaliated by throwing it back into the gangway.

"Thereupon, one of the European staff with a lathi is alleged to have jumped from the gangway and attempted to assault the passengers.

"This was luckily prevented.

ASSAULT ON BANERJEE

"The second incident was between Mr. R. K. Banerjee of the Congress Medical Mission and an European Officer of the Principal Sea Transport Officer's Office who holds a Lieutenant Commander's rank. The latter is alleged to have assaulted Mr. Bannerjee while he was going up the gangway with his luggage in both hands. He caught Mr. Banerjee by the neck against the iron railings of the gangway. He was rescued by Miss S. Ryan, Government of India Welfare Officer, who informs me that the crowd of passengers would have retaliated on this officer in consequence of this assault but for the intervention of the other Indian passengers.

FAULTY ARRANGEMENTS: BAD MANNERS

"It is quite clear that considerable blame attached, first, to the shipping company for their inability to make satisfactory arrangements to ensure the embarkation of the passengers at the proper time and, secondly, against the staff of the Principal Sea Transport Officer's Office present at the gangway. I watched their behaviour myself and I was satisfied that their general attitude was one of indifference to the comfort of the passengers waiting and lamentable lack of courtesy on their part towards respectable passengers."

The "Cameronia" sailed from Singapore on Tuesday morning but was back in port late in the afternoon to land 155 stowaways, afterwards sailing on Tuesday night.

The stowaways appeared in court today when the majority claimed trial and the cases were adjourned.

NO INFORMATION: NO COMMENT

LONDON, Sept. 11 (Reuter).—'Cameronia' belongs to the Anchor Line but is under Charter to the Ministry of Transport. A spokesman said today "we have no information on this at all and, therefore, cannot make any comment."

"Airborne" Wins St. Leger

DONCASTER, Sept. 11 (Reuter): The St. Leger run over one and three quarter miles resulted as follows:

(1) "Airborne".
(2) "Murren".
(3) "Fast And Fair".

Won by one and half lengths; three lengths between second and third. Elevan ran.

The winner was three to one favourite; "Murren" forty to one and "Fast And Fair" hundred to nine.

(See Page 6.)

BUMPER CROP IN AMERICA

U. S. State Department Announces Biggest Grain Harvests

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11. (Reuter): The United States Department of Agriculture announced tonight that final estimates made on September 1 confirmed previous expectations of the biggest aggregate grain harvests in the country's history, including record crops of wheat and corn.

With practically all wheat harvested, production is now estimated at 1,167,319,000 bushels, compared with the previous record of 1,123,000,000 bushels in 1942.

Corn crop (maize) which is still maturing, is estimated at the figure of 3,371,707,000 bushels.

A spokesman of the Department said that total grain production is expected to reach a figure two per cent higher than the peak year, 1942, and 26 per cent higher than average production for the ten years period of 1923-1932.

Cabinet Status Of New Govt. Endorsed

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): The Viceroy's House Court Circular to-day announced that "the Viceroy presided over a meeting of the Cabinet."

The use of the word 'Cabinet' is noted with interest here. This is the first official use of the term and is regarded as a public endorsement of the new status claimed for the Interim Government by Pandit Nehru and his colleagues.

It is recalled that in his talk to the Press on the day of assumption of Office Pandit Nehru said: "We propose to function as a corporate whole, as a Cabinet discussing not only our own individual departmental affairs but discussing all important matters together and coming to joint decisions with joint responsibility."

NEW CABINET MEMBERS SWORN IN

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11, (API): At the meeting of the Cabinet this morning His Excellency Lord Wavell presided.

Sir Shafaat Ahmed, Education, Health and Arts Member, Dr John Mathai, Finance Member, Mr C Rajagopalachari, Industries and Supplies member and Mr C H. Bhabha, Commerce member, were sworn in today.

Shafaat Ahmed Meets Gandhiji

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): Sir Shafaat Ahmed Khan, Education Member, Interim Government, called on Mahatma Gandhi this evening. Earlier, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu met Gandhiji.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER)

NEW YORK, Sept 11.

Previous Closing	35.85
Today's Opening	35.71
Difference	—09
Today's Closing	36.23
Difference	+38

STOP PRESS

THE MISSING FILES

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (API).—Congress members of the new Government had a surprise awaiting them in the archives of the Home Department. They had expected to find confidential files containing a record of themselves and their activities as the Intelligence Services saw them. But no trace of these files was seen. Enquiries showed that they had been destroyed before the new Government took charge.

BOMBAY PLANS FOR BRIGHTER VILLAGES

Bringing Drinking Water, Food, Clothes And Primary Education Within Reach Of 20 Million People At Cost Of 75 Crores

BOMBAY, Sept. 11 (API).—The immediate post-war schemes of the Bombay Government envisage a five-year plan, expected to cost between Rs. 60 crores and Rs. 75 crores, with the avowed object of bringing drinking water, food, clothes and primary education to the 20 million people in the Province in the forefront.

RS. 20 CRORES FROM CENTRAL GOVT.

The Central Government, it is expected will contribute a block grant of Rs. 20 crores for this purpose while the balance will be raised by taxation and borrowing.

"The Government is not likely to deviate even to the slightest extent from its objective; it will try its utmost to find out the necessary means for achieving the ideal that it has put before itself", said a Government spokesman to the "Associated Press of India" today.

Most of the immediate plans of the Government relate to development of rural areas one way or the other. The Government, therefore, intend to enlist for training persons accustomed to village life so that they will identify themselves with the villagers.

HELP FOR AGRICULTURIST

A multi-pronged drive to help the agriculturist to get more out of his land than ever before is already in the process of being undertaken. Explaining this scheme, the Government spokesman said: "Digging of thousands of wells for irrigation within the next two years, improved seeds and manure, scientific methods of cultivation, protection of crops, more cattle-breeding centres and refresher courses for farmers are to be started forthwith."

When the Ministry's water supply plans have fructified, none of the 22,000 villages in the Province will suffer for want of water. An urgent survey is already under way to ascertain which of the areas are the worst affected and how to supply them with water—whether by digging or boring wells or by building dams and excavating tanks.

GOVT. TO DIG 60,000 WELLS

Apart from drinking water, irrigation wells are also to receive immediate attention. There is already a scheme under which cultivators are given one-third of the cost of digging such wells as subsidy while the other two-thirds is advanced to the cultivators as a loan repayable in easy instalments at a low rate of interest; but, in addition to this, the Government themselves intend to dig some 50,000 to 60,000 wells.

Coupled with this, there is to be an allround development in agriculture. The methods of cultivating the land are to be improved by acquiring better implements, development of animal husbandry, the provision of veterinary aid and prevention of land erosion. Besides these, subsidies are being given to the farmer, in kind—groundnut cakes, ammonium sulphare and bonemeal, which are supplied at concession rates.

A comprehensive scheme of compost manure is also to be undertaken, thus utilising the vast quantities of night soil and carrion available for the production of manure. In the course of the next two years, the Provincial Government expects that all the 160 municipalities in the Province will have undertaken this scheme.

MURIEL LESTER FOR WAZIRISTAN

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11.

Miss Muriel Lester is deputed by Mahatma Gandhi to visit North-West Frontier tribal areas with particular reference to the recent reports of the bombing of these areas near Waziristan. Her recent interview with Lord Wavell, it is believed, related to her impending mission.

No More Rule By Ordinances

Central Assembly To Decide Future Emergency Legislation

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11. (A.P.A.): A reliable source said last night that the Constituent Assembly would be convened about the middle of next month.

The Central Legislative Assembly is expected to be called towards the end of this month. It was pointed out that the Defence of India Rules and a number of other controls were due to expire on the last day of this month. Since some of these controls will be necessary for some time to come, the Interim Government wants to have them renewed. For this purpose they do not want to have recourse to ordinances, but would prefer the Assembly to approve the retention of those considered essential, it was learned.

SARDAR MEETS PRESSMEN

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Member for Information and Broadcasting, met Pressmen informally at a party this evening.

THREAT OF ONE DAY NATIONAL STRIKE IN U. S.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11 (Reuter): Striking seamen have asked for a 24-hour national strike through the whole of the United States in the Wage Stabilisation Board in Washington rejects the Union's demands for higher wages.

CIVIL SERVICE RECRUITMENT

Time Considered Opportune For Drastic Overhaul Of Present System

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): The future recruitment, training and terms of service of the I.C.S. are understood to be engaging the attention of the new Government. It is learned that Provincial Governments are being consulted in this connection.

Among the various proposals that are being considered is one favouring the complete abolition of the present system of Civil Service and the establishment of a new one consisting of men recruited and trained in India with a new outlook to fit into the new order of things.

With the formation of the Interim Government, the time is considered opportune for a drastic overhaul of the present system and for laying the foundation of a new type of service to run the administration of the country.

Recruitment to I.C.S. had been suspended since 1943 owing to war and a new system might be evolved before recruitment re-starts.

POOR EXCUSE FOR BRUTAL ACTION

London Journal Demands Inquiry Into Bombing Of Tribal Villages

LONDON, Sept. 11. (Reuter): Under the heading "Rough Justice" a leading article in the Liberal "News Chronicle" says people in Britain will want to know more about the bombing incident on the North-West Frontier.

"According to the report", says the article, "the kidnapping of a political agent (by his own admission well merited) and dispute over a loan was followed by obliteration of six villages.

"The fact that the unfortunate inhabitants were given an opportunity to evacuate before the bombing took place seems a poor excuse for an action which was as arbitrary as it was brutal.

"It may be, of course, that full facts have not yet been revealed. If so the India Office would be wise to investigate the matter and issue an explanation as soon as possible".

Gaffar Khan's Reply To Abdur Rab Nishtar

PESHAWAR, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, in a statement issued today, says:

"Mr. Abdur Rab Nishtar has come out with a statement imputing motives to me. For a quarter of a century I have fought hard for the freedom of India and as a matter of fact of all people. In pursuit of my cherished goal, I have spent the best part of my life in jail. To expect me that I will work for the enslavement of my own brethren next door, for whom I not only have great love but respect, is unthinkable. What I said was I hope the change at the Centre will go a long way to improve economic and political conditions both in Frontier Province and the Tribal areas and bring the people close to each other".

MORE LIGHT ON BOMBING OF WAZIRISTAN VILLAGES

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11. (A.P.A.): An authoritative New Delhi source said today that latest reports indicate the traditionally rough tribes men of Southern Waziristan are "quietening down" following the bombing and strafing of nearly a dozen villages.

The same source said that the punitive action taken following the abduction of a political agent by some of the Pathans of the Bromi Khel Sub-Section of the Shabi Khel Tribe—a division of the Mashubs—was regarded by the Government of India as "nothing more than a small incident."

He added that "this is a course which occassionally has to be taken when all other means of maintaining law and order fail."

Planes and artillery attacked designated villages in Southern Waziristan during August and the first few days of September, but only after notice had been given to tribesmen so that they could evacuate their families and belongings and make their way to hiding places in caves, he said.

THE INCIDENT

The North-West Frontier incident began last June 22 when a large band of heavily armed men attacked and captured a party including Major J. O. S. Donald, Political Agent with Headquarters at Razmak, his stenographer and the Agency Surgeon-designate. They were accompanied by several influential Maliks or tribal headmen.

Reportedly the abduction occurred because the Pathans were dissatisfied with the cloth and sugar distribution.

The version of subsequent events related today was:

The Bromi Khel tribe demanded a ransom of Rs. 110,000 for the Political Agent and his party, as well as immunity from punishment.

The Government of India refused.

At this point the Shabi Khel tribe, of which the Bromi Khel are a sub-division, took over negotiations. The Shabi Khel asked and received from the Government of India an advance of Rs. 110,000 on their pay for serving as khassadars (tribal policemen) and Maliks (headmen who keep order and help protect roads). The Shaoi Khel finally obtained the release of the party, and then demanded that the Bromi Khel return the sum of Rs. 110,000.

The Government of India supported the demand of the main tribe, and imposed a fine of Rs. 20,000 and 250 rifles. In addition, the authorities demanded 20 hostages for future good behaviour.

The Bromi Khel refused and six of their villages were bombed and strafed, after due notice was given. When they still failed to accede, the Government extended punitive action to selected Shabi Khel villages.

The New Delhi source said there were "two or three deaths" as a result of the mistake of a pilot who bombed the wrong village on the edge of the area. However, he added that apologies and compensation would be made in these cases.

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Assets in Loans, Buildings and Furniture at pre-war prices	Rs	13,13,000
Difference in Public Liabilities and Gilt-edged Assets shown above	Rs.	7,00,000
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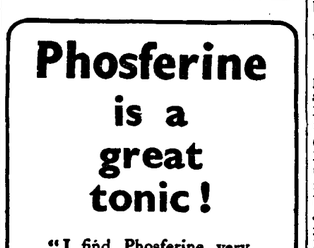

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"PAKISTAN ESSENTIAL TO AVERT BLOODSHED"

Jinnah Does Not Refuse To Join Interim Govt.

BOMBAY, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): "The last thing that I seek is bloodshed," says Mr. M. A Jinnah, President of the All India Muslim League, in an interview to J. Hennessy of Memsley Newspapers of Britain.

It is to avoid bloodshed and to create conditions in which India's two nations can live as friendly neighbours that I offer my constructive solution—Pakistan", he adds.

Mr. Jinnah emphasises that he has not refused to participate in the Interim Government and says that "what is required to meet the situation is a definite and categorical statement regarding the points in dispute."

The following is the text of the interview:

"The only way out of the deadlock between Muslims and Hindus is for the British Government to make an unequivocal declaration in favour of Pakistan, (separate sovereign Muslim and Hindu states) with a clear undertaking that they will implement it without delay", Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the Muslim League, told me when, with heavy monsoon rains clattering outside, I saw him today in the cosy study of his beautiful Malabar Hill bungalow.

"Do you refuse to participate in the Interim Government?" I began.

ORIGINAL PROPOSAL

"It was not I who refused," he replied, "the Cabinet's original proposals was a coalition of 5 Congress, 5 Muslim and 2 minority representatives. I agreed, Congress refused. To overcome Congress objections to Hindu-Muslim parity, the Mission then proposed the addition of a third Hindu minority representative. I agreed. The Congress refused On June 16, the Viceroy produced the final formula of 5 Hindus, 5 Muslim Leaguers and 4 minority men. On the strength of the Viceroy's letter to me of June 20, in which he said that no decision on a major communal issue could be taken by the Interim Government if the majority of either party opposed it, I again agreed.

Next the Viceroy said that if either of the two major parties were unwilling to join an Interim Government, he would form one 'as representative as possible' of those willing to accept the Cabinet's long and short term plans.

I again agreed but the Viceroy and the Cabinet Mission scrapped their own proposals of June 16 and went back on their word. And now to appease the Congress we find that the Viceroy instead has invited the Hindu Congress Party to set up a Cabinet in which we are offered 5 seats as against" (here Mr. Jinnah emphasised his next words by a wave of his cigarette) "nine all nominated by them.

Hindu-Muslim parity is rejected. The Congress is free to nominate Muslim of its own choice—an obvious attempt to bribe League members away by dangling before them the rewards of office. Gone is the safeguard that no major communal issue may be decided by a simple majority".

UNEMOTIONAL

Mr. Jinnah paused to ferret for a cigarette the large silver box between us, then he continued in the same, quiet unemotional tones:

"Thus, not only has the British Cabinet scrapped their own Interim Government proposals, but the Congress Party has not even accepted the Cabinet's long-term plan as is clear from their published qualifications, giving, to take but one example, their own interpretation to the important condition that a province cannot opt out of its group until after the first general election that is to be held under the finally agreed constitution".

"How about Pandit Nehru's recent broadcast assurance that the Congress Party agrees that the Constituent Assembly should sit in regional sections, I countered.

"What is wanted is not vague generalities which butter no parsnips", smiled Mr. Jinnah, "but detailed statement of what the Congress Party does or does not regard as binding. Mere words and phrases do not carry us far. What is required to meet the situation is a definite and categorical statement regarding the points in dispute".

"Your critics allege that your attitude is purely destructive and can only end in civil war", I observed.

"The last thing that I seek is bloodshed", cried Mr. Jinnah, roused at last, "although, if driven to it, no Muslim is afraid to defend himself. Destructive attitude? It is to avoid bloodshed and to create conditions in which India's two nations can live as friendly neighbours that I offer a constructive solution.—Pakistan".

BRITISH TROOPS QUIT LEVANT

BEIRUT (Lebanon), Sept. 10, (Reuter): The last 122 British troops left in Syria and the Lebanon are now leaving in daily parties and by the end of this month will have left, a British "communique" stated today.

The "communique" added: "Discussions are now proceeding on the disposal of the Haifa-Beirut-Tripoli railway. It is hoped that a decision will be reached before mid-September".

This railway was opened between Haifa and Beirut (148 Miles) and extended 52 miles to Tripoli in 1943.

Posthumous Award Of George Cross

LONDON, Sept. 10 (Reuter): The posthumous award of the George Cross to Havildar Abdul Rehman of the Third Ninth Jat Regiment is announced in tonight's London Gazette The award is for gallantry on February 22, 1945.

While serving with the Indian forces in Java, Hav. Rehman and a party of five other ranks were proceeding to the battalion headquarters at Waroe when their jeep struck a mine and blew up. Injured in the explosion, Rehman dragged his wounded comrades from the blazing vehicle. Even though the petrol tank under the driver's seat exploded and spouted its flaming contents all over him, Rehman continued his rescue work until an ambulance party arrived. Calling out to them to complete the work quickly, he fell dead over the jeep.

Husband Suspected To Have Murdered Wife

BOMBAY, Wednesday

A sensational murder case in which a person is suspected to have brutally killed his own wife, was brought to light at the Esplanade Police Court today.

On August 31 information was received by the Gamdevi Police from the Parsee Tower of Silence to the effect that two sacks containing "something" were found to be lying in the compound of the Tower of Silence, and a bad smell was emanating from those sacks. The police at once proceeded to the spot, where they found, on opening the sacks, the body of a woman severed to pieces from all joints of the limbs. In the sacks were also found blocks of iron grating and a stone slab probably used with the intention of weighing down the sacks into the sea.

The body was removed to the Morgue where a post-mortem was held on September 1. On the following day the husband of the deceased Missrikhan Hotibhai called at the Gamdevi Police station to have a look at the body, as his "wife was missing" He was thereupon taken to the Morgue, where he identified the body as that of his young spouse Saiboobai.

In the course of enquiries by the Police, it transpired that the house in which the husband resides is under repairs and a number of stone slabs are lying about. These scattered pieces were found identical to the piece of stone in the sack. Further the sacks at the house also bear similar lines as that on the sack in which the dismembered parts of the body were packed.

It is suspected that due to some unknown provocation Missrikhan murdered his wife with the assistance of his son-in-law Rusool Khan Alam Khan.

Both the suspects were ordered to be remanded into police custody by the Presidency Magistrate.

ECONOMIC ADVISERS' ORGANISATION

Delhi Plan To Centralise Different Services

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11

A plan to reorganise the Economic Advisers' Organisation is on the tapis here. Lately there has been a tendency to appoint economists in each department. In addition to the full-fledged office of the Economic Adviser there are economists employed at present in the Food and Finance Departments. Till late there were economists employed in the Planning and Labour Departments.

According to the latest plan the Economic Advisers' Organisation will be adequately strengthened so that it will be in a position to give advice to all departments. There will be, for instance, an economist who will devote his time to Labour problems, another to agricultural problems, and the third to financial problems. The whole set-up of the economic service is thus to be centralised under one organisation which will form a part of the Executive Council's Secretariat.

The Central Statistical Office, under the general supervision of the Economic Adviser, is included in the plan. It will have three branches, publication, research and advisory, and an administrative branch each in charge of the Director. This will be purely a co-ordinating machinery. each department retaining its present responsibility for the collection of statistics. The plan, in fact, envisages each major department having a separate statistical branch.

The formation of a regular statistical and economic cadre is recommended. A permanent organisation for the collection of vital statistic and population trends is under contemplation here. An organisation, with a registrar-general at its head, is envisaged.

ARCHITECTS' MEETING

It is proposed to convene a conference of leading architects and other publicmen at an early date to consider whether is it advisable to introduce legislation to regulate the practice and profession of architects.

DELHI TRAINING COLLEGE

The Government of India have decided to reserve 60 per cent of seats at the proposed Delhi training college for teachers from the centrally administered areas namely, Delhi, Ajmere Coorg and Baluchistan. Priority next will be given to candidates from provinces where training facilities do not exist. Students from the centrally administered areas will not be charged any tuition fees and will, in addition, be granted 50 per cent of their maintenance charges.

JAWAHAR TO PRESIDE OVER SCIENCE CONGRESS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (UPI): The "United Press of India" learns that the next session of the Indian Science Congress will be held in January, under the presidentship of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at New Delhi. Several eminent international scientists have informally expressed willingness to participate in the deliberations of the Congress. Formal invitations are being issued requesting their presence in India.

Surat Teachers Call Off Strike

SURAT, Sept. 10, (A. P. I.): The six-day-old strike of 139 teachers of eight schools of the Sarvajanik Education Society has been called off and the teachers will resume work tomorrow. All the demands of the teachers have been granted.

EMBODIMENT OF UNIVERSAL RELIGION

Aney On Essence Of Gandhiji's Greatness: Colombo Tributes

COLOMBO, Sept. 9, (API): The essence of Mahatma Gandhi's greatness lies in his insistence on purity of the individual and in the demonstration by practical application in his own life of the principles he taught. Paying this tribute Mr. M. S. Aney, Government of India's representative in Ceylon, who was presiding at a meeting tonight at Siva Mangayar Kazhagan Hall, described Mahatma Gandhi as the embodiment of Universal Religion

Mahatma Gandhi's greatness, added Mr Aney, lies in his upholding before the world what great power lies hidden in the soul of man Various attempts had been made by great men through ages to unfold this great power Mahatma Gandhi may or may not succeed, but he is great in that he points the way to the unfolding of the greatness of many Peace, plenty and prosperity the three great ideals can become possible only if there is purity of heart added Mr. Aney

Reverend Acharya Swamy, Founder-President of the Universal Brotherhood Union of Bombay who was the main speaker dwelt at length on Mahatma Gandhi's life philosophy and teaching

Mr. H M Desai proposing a vote of thanks said that even as Lord Krishna Gandhiji was driving the chariot of India to the goal of National Freedom with Pandit Nehru as Arjuna and Sardar Patel as Bhima

PANT'S TRIBUTE TO GANDHIJI'S LEADERSHIP

LUCKNOW, Sept. 10 (API): "Gandhiji has infused new life into this shattered country and has given her 'past glory'" says Pandit Govind Vallebha Pant, Premier of U P. in a message to be published in the revised edition of the "Gandhi Abhinandan" edited by Pandit Sohanlal Dwivedi

He adds "It is after centuries that the idea of Indian culture, literature and moral has revived and is inspiring our country This is all due to Gandhiji. He has not only relieved India from foreign rule but also from many chains today We have reached at the door of complete independence and we are assured that under Gandhiji's leadership, our country will show to the sighing and bleeding world the true path of peace and happiness.

Bapu has expressed his desire to live for 125 years and we also pray the same to the Almighty so that during his life time India may achieve complete independence. Gandhiji's long life will not only serve the best interests of the Indians but also of the whole world."

INDIA CAN CLOTHE HERSELF

Mahatma Advises 20 Crores Of Indians To Spin

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10 (API): Mahatma Gandhi explained to an audience, this evening, the idea underlying the khadi classes, that were to be started in the sweeper's colony from tomorrow. He exhorted the people, both men and women, not to lose this golden opportunity of acquiring knowledge in regard to all the processes of producing yarn.

If they grasped the inner meaning of khadi, then those who came to learn would in turn be able to pass on their knowledge to others and render true service. Mahatma Gandhi hoped Delhi folk would forge ahead in this work.

Day by day, Mahatma said the conviction within him was growing firmer that if even 20 crores of Indians span an hour a day, they would have all the cloth required in India. It was an easy thing to do if people would shed their laziness and understand what power lay in the Charkha.

IMPORTED PAPER PRICES REDUCED

In response to a representation by the importers of paper, the Government of India has decided to revise the ceiling prices of different varieties of imported paper.

The new prices, which are a definite reduction in the existing prices, are based on the recent landed cost of the paper plus a dealer's margin ranging from 25 to 35 per cent, according to the quality and demand for each variety of paper. The existing ceiling prices were arrived at by adding 30—50 per cent., margins to the landed cost.

The new prices, which will come into force on September 15, apply to all varieties of paper imported before or after that date.

MORE IMPORT OF NEWSPRINT

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (API).—It is announced that in response to numerous requests, the Government of India have decided to issue, on application, licences for the import of newsprint during the second half of 1947. The scale will be the same as for the first half, namely, in the case of stock-holding newspapers, for quantities equivalent to their consumption on the basis of their normal quotas together with 25 per cent and in the case of dealers, for their imports during 1944-45 or for firm offers, whichever is larger.

First Step Towards Prohibition In U.P.

LUCKNOW, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): The first step towards the enforcement of Prohibition in the United Provinces by the Congress ministry was taken today when the Anwarganj toddy shop at Cawnpore was closed down. Government thereby losing Rs. 52 000 to the provincial exchequer.

Another step towards the gradual enforcement of Prohibition is Government's orders reducing the number of toddy shops in the province by ten percent and the closing down of foreign liquor shops.

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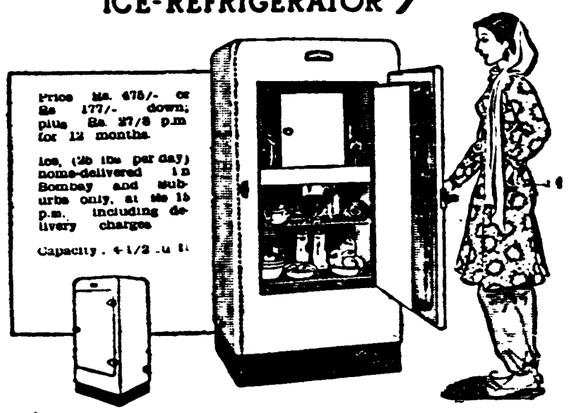

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The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Tony de Mello's Efforts To Strengthen Pentangular

BY J. C. MAITRA

The new President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, A. S. de Mello, is nothing if not bold and enterprising. Immediately he got into the saddle, he set to work in different directions. We are told that we shall have several prominent coaches from England to train our promising youngsters in the art and science of bowling. This is certainly a step in the right direction, though many people here feel why some our local veterans who attained high distinctions in their particular spheres without any outside help or guidance should not have been approached for their services. Of course the glamour of the West is there. Some people cannot do without them. However I hope that de Mello's efforts will bear wholesome fruit at an early date.

COMMUNAL RIVALRY

Another subject in which de Mello has focussed his attention is the Pentangular. Due to the energetic efforts of his immediate predecessor Dr. P. Subbaroyan, this communal show was slowly but steadily dying its natural death—to the ultimate good of all concerned. But de Mello would have nothing of it. The growing communal tension in the country is none of his concern. He naively suggests that communal rivalry in the field of sport is the best method to promote communal harmony.

The fact is that he is afraid that if ties competition is abolished his community—the Rest—would suffer the most. He has found a new champion of the Pentangular in the "Blitz" which has now joined hands with Jam-e-Jamshed" to keep alive this rotten institution. I am not concerned with one community or another. My interest lies in the nation as a whole. So I want to see that members of every community advance together and reach the summit as one team.

KISHENCHAND'S LEAD

The communal path does not lead to that goal. It encourages fissiparous tendencies among the members of the various communities and sacrifices national interest. So all those who have the interest of the nation at heart must strain every nerve to remove the canker from our midst.

De Mello's move to hold the next meeting of the Board of Control at Baroda is crystal clear. It is to persuade those princes who have banned the participation of their players in communal matches to waive their objections. Indore, Patiala and Nawanagar may be visited next one after the other. I hope, however that these princes will stand by their previous determination.

I am glad to note that some of the prominent players from Sind like Kishenchand and Girdhari have just expressed their unwillingness to play in communal tournaments in future. In fact they have demanded the abolition of all such competitions. It is high time all others joined them in chorus and help to usher in a new era in the sporting field in the near future.

W. I. BADMINTON

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Further progress was made at the Western India Badminton Championships this evening when a number of matches were decided. Most conspicuous amongst them being the elimination of Miss P. D. Shroff at the hands of Miss H. N. Dubash at 6-11, 11-6, 11-4. Miss Talyarkhan, having decided to scratch from the Championship conceded a walk-over.

The Deodhar sisters have so far failed to put in an appearance and have not yet informed the committee. All their matches scheduled for this evening are being held over.

The matches scheduled for Thursday include the first round of girls' Juniors singles, First round of Women's Doubles, second round of Men's Doubles and the remaining matches of the first round of Men's Singles.

FREE TURKISH BATH FOR M. C. C. TEAM!

Aboard The STIRLING CASTLE, Sept. 11 (Reuter): To-day in the Red Sea temperature is 138 F in the sun and 110 F in the shade, bringing all deck games to a stop, radios Reuter's correspondent with the M.C.C. The ship's officers say they cannot remember the temperature in the Red Sea being hotter. This Turkish bath heat is reducing the weight of all passengers.

Inter-Collegiate Sports

The Collegiate Badminton tournament which had been temporarily suspended since Sept. 2, owing to the disturbed conditions in the city, will now be resumed from Monday, September 16.

The programme of fixtures arranged fod September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 will now be played on September 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 respectively.

The 'varsity swimming championship scheduled to be held at the Backbay Baths on September 12 and 13 has been postponed to September 26 and 27, and will commence at 4 p.m. on each day.

RAILWAYMEN'S FEDERATION.

Mr. T. A. B. Swamy, Asstt., Secretary of the B. B. & C. I. Railwaymen's Union, has sent a telegram to Mr. S. Guruswamy, the General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, to convene a meeting of the General Council of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation to consider the situation arising out of the strike on the S. I. Railway.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 1, 2002.
Muslim: Savval 15, 1365.
Parsi: Fervardin 9, 1316.
Sunrise 6-25 a.m., Sunset 6-44 p.m.
Hightide 00-09, 12-33.
Lowtide 06-05, 18-38.
Municipal Corporation 2 p.m. (B.T.)

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

MRS. LALITABAI SHAMARAO KALYANPUR died at her residence, Madhav Nivas, 68, Keluskar Road, Shivaji Park, Dadar, on Wednesday night. Funeral today (Thursday) at 10 a.m.

Today's Engagements

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY—Meeting of Society today Thursday at 6 p.m.

YOUTHS' OWN UNION: Y. O. U. meeting will not be held today due to Curfew.

INDIAN ECOLOGICAL SOCIETY: Lecture by Prof. S. B. Ranade and excursion cancelled.

"A" WARD FORWARD BLOC: Urgent meeting at 7 p.m. today at Noble Chambers, Fort.

B.P.C.C. MEDICAL COMMITTEE

An urgent meeting of the B.P.C.C. Medical Committee will be held today at 4 p.m. at the Congress House.

B. P. STUDENTS' CONGRESS: Gen. Sec., Bombay Provincial Students' Congress, writes: In view of the Curfew in the city the office of the Students' Congress will be kept open from 5 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. as long as the Curfew is in force.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP SOCIAL POSTPONED.—Due to the unsettled state of affairs in the City, the Progressive Group has postponed its charity Social to be held at Green's on Monday, 16th September to a date which will be intimated later. All those who have bought their tickets, may retain them for use on the day the function is fixed. Money will be refunded to those who cannot make it convenient to come on the day that may be decided upon.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Telegrams for the towns of Chefoo, Kalgan, Harbin, Dairen, Antung and other cities in north Manchuria cannot be accepted at present.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mandvi Sub-P.O. (Bombay No. 3) which was temporarily closed down, will be reopened for some classes of business, during the restricted hours, with effect from Thursday (12th inst.), as under: Registered and V.P. articles of both, letter and parcel mails from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. Acceptance of Money Orders from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

MATUNGA PEACE COMMITTEE: Owing to disturbed conditions and heavy rains sanitation conditions are demanding attention and special sanitation squads are being organised for the purpose. Patrols are going on as usual. Evacuees are now being sent to their own places after proper precautions and enquiry.

"G" WARD DISTRICT ELECTION

The Jt. Hon. Secretaries, G Ward C. C. write:

Nominations are invited to the forthcoming election of the Council of the "G" Ward District Committee for 25 seats from the intending duly qualified candidates. Nominations duly proposed and seconded by qualified members of the "G" Ward D.C.C. with a deposit of Rs. 10 should reach the office of the "G" Ward D.C.C. before the 21st instant upto 7 p.m. Forms are available at the Committee's office and can be had on payment of annas four per form between the hours of 8 to 11 and 4 to 7 p.m.

If there are more than 25 candidates, poll will take place on 29th inst. Hours of polling and place will be intimated later on.

RASHTRABHASHA EXAMINATIONS: Students appearing for the Prarambhic, Pravesh, Parichaya and Kovid Examinations of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samitee, Warcha, should take their "hall tickets" from the office of the Karyalaya, 153A Govind Dham, Matunga, in the evening between 7-30 and 8-30 p.m. Pravesh students should present themselves for their oral examination at Ramnarain Ruia College on Saturday, the 14th instant at 3-30 p.m.

FORT ARYA SAMAJ'S RELIEF WORK

The relief centre conducted by the Arya Samaj, Fort, and Arya Bir Dal, Fort, at Mangalore Mansion, Bora Bazar, with the co-operation of M/s. Ranchhoddas Chhotalal, Laloobhai Chinoy and Bhagwandas Mangaldas, Managing Director of Mangalore Mansion, is sending volunteers for duty at Railway Station. Daily about 300 persons are supplied with food and accommodation.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL FRIDAY MORNING:—Fairly widespread light to moderate thundershowers will occur in Kathiawar, Gujarat and Khandesh. Local light to moderate showers will occur in the Konkanpatti, the Bombay Karnatak, Mawal and Deccan. Scattered light showers will also occur in the Hyderabad State.

OUTLOOK FOR FURTHER 2 DAYS: The monsoon will be generally moderate.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1

THURSDAY, Sept. 12.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7.30 a.m. Keep Fit, 7-40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Shreedhar Parsekar (Violin) 8.45 Ganpatkrut Bhajano 9.0 Amir Khan (Indore) (Vocal) 12.0 p m Vanita Mandal (M) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.36 Madhur Sangeet 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 School Broadcast 5.0 Shreedhar Parsekar 5.15 Children's Half-Hour (E) 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Local 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Filmi Lunya 6.30 Mumtaz Begam 6.45 Manikrao Thakurdas 7.0 Marathi Sketch on "Beggar problem" by Appa Pendse: 7.30 Amir Khan (Vocal) 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Madhyamik Shikshanh Talk in Gujarati by P. O. Upadhyay 8.45 Kavita Vachan 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Sports Bq Jit Kantawala 10.0 Carrol Gibbons 10.25 The Continental Trio.

SPECIAL OFFICER FOR CITY DEVELOPMENT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The appointment of a special officer to expedite Municipal schemes for Post-War Reconstruction in Bombay City was demanded by the Municipal Corporation this evening, resolution to that effect, moved by Mr. D. V. Patel, being passed by a majority.

The Mayor was requested to forward a copy of the resolution to the Government of Bombay so that the necessary legislation to enable the Corporation to appoint the officer might be undertaken.

There was some discussion on Mr. Patel's resolution. Mr. N. C. Bharucha contended that the Works Committee was being "bypassed and double-crossed" by the "high-handed manner of the party in power." He was against any move to rush the Corporation into any decision.

Urging Mr. Bharucha to "accept the urgency of the issue", Mr. Jamnadas Mehta suggested that the salary of the special officer should on no account be more than that of the Municipal Commissioner "whose supreme status ought to be maintained in theory and in practice."

Replying to this point, Mr. D. V. Patel pointed out that the Special Engineer of Calcutta Corporation drew a larger remuneration than that of the Municipal Commissioner of that body.

Mr. S. K. Patil attributed the non-consultation of the Works Committee to the urgency of the issue and the lack of time.

The Corporation will meet at 2 P.M. on Thursday.

Extension For Second Special Tribunal

BOMBAY, Sept. 11, (API). The Government of Bombay today published a Bill to provide for continuance of the "Second Special Tribunal" at Lahore, constituted by the Governments of India, to try two criminal cases under the Iron and Steel (Movement) Order 1942 and the Iron and Steel Control of Production Order of 1941.

The cases are not likely to be completed by the Tribunal by Oct. 1, when it would cease to function, and it is proposed to continue the Tribunal beyond that date to enable it to dispose of the two cases.

MARSHALL SONS & CO. (INDIA) LTD. WORKERS TO GO ON STRIKE

The General Secretary, Engineering Factory, Kamgar Union writes: A meeting of the workers employed in the Workshop of Marshall Sons & Co. (India) Ltd., on Saturday last a decision was taken to serve a notice of strike on the management of the concern.

India's Trade Policy

Prof. K. T. Shah has been invited by the Commerce Department, Government of India to participate in the deliberations of the Trade Policy Committee of the Government of India which will discuss the American proposals regarding the expansion of world trade and employment on the 19th and 20th instant in New Delhi.

WHAT IS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE?

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Chagla)

The Commissioner of Income-Tax, Bombay

vs.

The Century Spinning & Manufacturing Co. Ltd. .... Assessees

On a reference under the Income-tax Act, Their Lordships held that the payment of the prescribed fees amounting to Rs. 16,707 paid by the assessees for the registration of their old trade-marks was revenue and not capital expenditure which, in the computation of their business profits the assessees were entitled to deduct under Section 10 (2) (XII) of the Income-tax Act.

On behalf of the Income-tax Commissioner it was contended that trade-marks were capital assets and therefore expenditure incurred for protecting them by registration thereof was capital expenditure.

Adopting the definition given by Viscount Cave in Atherton's case (16 Tax cases 192) that expenditure incurred for bringing into existence an asset or advantage of enduring benefit to the trade was capital expenditure, Their Lordships were of opinion that expenditure incurred for registration of trade-marks did not bring into existence any asset nor did it confer any advantage because the registration of a trade-mark under the Trade-Marks Act 1940 did not confer any new right but only facilitated the mode of proof by making registration 'prima facie' evidence of the validity of the trade-mark. Moreover, since the registration was valid only for seven years after which a further fee was payable, the advantage (if any) was not enduring.

High Court Advocates Examination

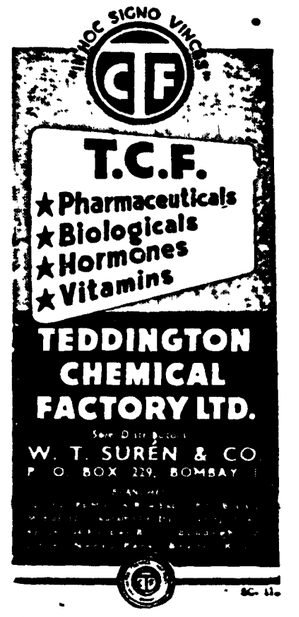
The following candidates have passed the Examination for the office of an Advocate of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay held on 5th and 6th August, 1946:—

Nos. 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 17 19 20 22 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 123 124 126 127 129 130 131 133 134 137 139 140 141 and 142.

The Sir Chimanlal Setalvad Golden Jubilee Prize has been awarded to Rajanikant Hirachand Jhaveri who stood first at the examination.

Three Post Offices Reopen

The following offices, which remained closed due to disturbances, will be re-opened with immediate effect and work from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. until further notice: New Nagpada, Ripon Road and Masjid.



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Don't sniff at a cold or you'll sniff plenty!

Know your enemies—**COLDS & INFLUENZA**

DON'T sniff at a cold or treat it lightly; for that little cold can do a lot of harm. If your body resistance is weakened, your system becomes an easier prey to influenza, pneumonia, bronchitis, sinusitis or tonsilitis.

TAKE THESE SIMPLE PRECAUTIONS.

WHEN you get a cold, stay indoors and go to bed. Avoid chills and drafts. Soaking your feet in hot water or a hot bath may help. Drink hot lemonade on retiring.

IF YOU *must* go to work, wear warm protective clothing and cover your cough and sneeze with a handkerchief. Drink copious quantities of milk, fruit juice and plain water. Take a laxative if necessary. In case you have a sore throat, gargle frequently with a teaspoonful of salt or bicarbonate of soda in warm water.

SHOULD your cold develop into fever, aching and chilliness, call the doctor without delay as, otherwise, it might lead to serious respiratory infections and pneumonia.

VISIT your DOCTOR regularly

Whether you think you need it or not, visit your doctor regularly for medical checkups. Give him the opportunity to discover, in time, conditions and diseases which might lead to later disability. This is the way to keep yourself healthy and happy.

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IN THE INTERESTS OF NATIONAL HEALTH

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Sept. 11, (A.P.I.): The following is daily weather summary for Wednesday, the 11th September 1946.

The depression in the North-East Bay of Bengal has rapidly moved inland and lies this morning over Chota Nagpur. Rainfall has been widespread in Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, the Konkan and Malabar and local in Chota Nagpur, Gujarat and North Hyderabad. A few falls have been reported from Assam, the East United Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad and the North Madras Coast.

Forecast until the 12th evening:—Rainfall will be widespread in them Konkan, North-East India, the United Provinces and the region from Gujarat to the East Central Provinces. Rain will fall locally in Malabar, the Deccan, the East and North Punjab, Kashmir, south Rajputana and Lower Sind.

Heavy Rainfall Warning: Locally heavy rain will occur in Chota Nagpur, the North Central Provinces, Central India ann Gujarat during the next 48 hours.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Most modern politicians go for what they regard the seven cardinal principles, namely, the five loaves and two fishes.

* * *

The political parties that I would call great, are those which cling more to principles than to consequences, to general and not to special cases, to ideas, and not to men—such parties are usually distinguished by a nobler character, more generous passions, more genuine convictions, and a more bold and open conduct than others.

—De Tocqueville.

The Bombay Chronicle

SOME EDUCATIONAL PROBLEMS

We published on Tuesday an interesting document issued by the United States Information Service, reviewing the attempts made in the U.S.A. "to restore improved standards of peacetime normalcy to United States schools and to define their role in world-wide education for peace". Though the individual States in that country are rich enough for normal progress in education, they feel, it appears, the need for federal financial aid to be able to cope with problems created by the war. So a representative conference of teachers recently called for the passage of a bill for Federal aid to education to assure annual grants of Federal Government financial aid to states on the basis of need. Federal assistance would equalize state educational resources and opportunities, educators pointed out, and would enable states to raise salaries and improve teaching conditions. The need for Central financial aid is greater in India, where the financial resources of most provinces are meagre, with the result that about half the number of children of school going age are still without education of any kind. Moreover, few provinces, if any, can find funds for advanced poly-technic institutes. Finally, central aid is indispensable if elementary education is to be free and compulsory in the country in the next ten years or so.

A more interesting topic discussed at the American conference was the necessity of preserving the "one-world" concept advocated by the late Mr. Wendell Wilkie; and the conference called upon the United States Congress to pass the bill which would make the United States a member of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, and to take the necessary steps to make the world education body an effective international agency for world peace. And the U. S. Congress has since approved U. S. participation in UNESCO. The pertinent question is how the 'One World' idea will be inculcated upon the students. A project designed to substitute universal history and geography textbooks for those having biased and ultra-nationalistic content was recommended by the conference as a first step toward lasting world peace. A universal history book presenting a fair and impartial account of the achievements of every nation would doubtless go far toward eliminating national and international misconceptions and prejudices. National bias is still very strong in every country and is even studiously cherished. Yet an international outlook must be cultivated by everyone, student or teacher. Indeed, such an outlook is the mark of a true scholar of the present times, when Science has annihilated distance and other barriers between countries.

That an international outlook needs to be cultivated in India, as in other countries, goes without saying. But India has to tackle another, a kindred problem, of subordinating communalism to nationalism. And to this end many scholars have already begun to revise Indian history text books so as, on the one hand, to ensure historical truth and on the other, to set forth and emphasise every important point that illustrates or otherwise promotes communal concord. It is a difficult, if not, hazardous venture. But it has got to be undertaken; the sooner, the better. There are other kindred problems that will confront us soon enough. The teaching of religion is only one of them. As it has already arisen, we would, for the present, plead for "status quo". In a country like India where the tax-paying people belong to so many creeds it is safest for the State as such not to undertake or support religious instruction as is generally understood. Where necessary, moral instruction based on the writings of great men of all religions will be a grand substitute, which if wisely used, should go a long way in inculcating on students the great gospel of one humanity, the universal brotherhood of man, than which there can be no greater gospel.

Not Justice

Sheikh Mohomed Abdullah, President of the Kashmir National Conference, has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment for "sedition" by the Sessions Judge Lala Barkat Rai. But this is certainly not the last word on the historic trial. We trust there will be an appeal to the recently formed High Court, where saner notions about sedition may prevail. Though the brief report of the Sessions Judge's convicting judgment is not at all convincing, Sheikh Abdullah is, perhaps, guilty of sedition in the crude sense in which that word has long been understood in British India. But the present tendency in British India is not to convict one of sedition unless one incites people to violence, as it is quite legitimate for the people and, therefore, for their leader, to agitate peacefully for any change in Government or its personnel. From this point of view Sheikh Abdullah is innocent. And this view needs to be upheld in the High Court. But it will be far better for the Kashmir Ruler to exercise his privilege of intervening and release the people's tribune. That will be bare justice and also to his own advantage. In no circumstances will the people of the State relax their agitation to achieve responsible Government in the State. Convictions like those of Sheikh Abdullah should only help to intensify their struggle

Frankly Speaking

Attlee's Appeal To Arabs

Mr. Clement Attlee had perforce to address only the delegates of the Arab States when he opened the Palestine Conference on Tuesday last. And he very naturally devoted his efforts to a sympathetic placating of the Arabs. From his speech it would appear that the one and sole purpose of the British Government in calling the conference was to serve the economic and political cause of Arab Palestine and the whole Arab world. When and if the Jews decide to accept the British invitation Mr. Attlee will no doubt give assurances of equal, if not more, sympathetic British sentiments towards the aims and aspirations of Zionists. But even as it is, Mr. Attlee's sympathy constituted of words is worse than useless to the Arabs of Palestine, the sole victims of the so-called Palestine problem.

Its Real Meaning

Mr. Attlee started by suggesting that past history should not be discussed. If such discussion is ruled out, then what is ruled out is the basic injustice, from which arise all the difficulties. Palestine has been Arab for over a thousand years. Dishonest Allied statesmanship outraged in 1918 all principles of justice and democracy and cynically awarded proprietory privileges to alien Jews, who had been nationals for generations and centuries of European and American countries. To accept that outrage is to accept the theory that all the Jews in all the world have as much right to Palestine as its own inhabitants. The Arabs cannot accept it. Yet, for the sake of peace, they sacrificed a great deal—indeed, they did something which no Britisher or American will ever dream of doing—when they reconciled themselves to the British White Paper, to the immigration against Arab will of hundreds of thousands of alien Jews who had till then been forced upon the country; provided that further immigration stopped and the country was firmly and honestly put on the road to democratic sovereign freedom. The British and the Americans now insist that that unprecedented sacrifice is not enough, that, in fact, Arabs should submit not only to further immigration of lakhs of aliens but also to the surrender of a considerable part of their country immediately, and eventually the rest of it, too. This is what Mr. Attlee means when he appeals for a spirit of give and take! The Arabs have to give their country and their destiny. What do they "take" in return? Mr. Attlee also appeals for a consideration of the international background. What he means is not clear unless it is an invitation to the Arab world to consent to the blackmail of American and British might and money. The problem of Palestine is the problem of a people's rights to their own country and it can be solved only on that basis.

A Deserved Tribute

On the "momentous occasion of the assumption of the reins of Government by an Indian National Cabinet", Mr. Fiorello LaGuardia, Director-General of U.N.R.R.A., paid an eminently deserved tribute to India when he said: "I wish to make public acknowledgment of UNRRA's and the world's great debt to India for the supplies contributed by India to the suffering peoples of other lands." The tribute is particularly just for the reason that India has contributed the supplies, worth crores, while she herself has been almost on the verge of famine. The U.N.R.R.A chief admits as much when he says: "Although in such desperate need herself India has seen her way clear to express in so faithful and generous a manner her belief in world-fellowship." He does not in the least indulge in exaggeration when he regards this as "the quality of mercy at its very best" or as "the most heartening single factor in the sombre happenings of the world to-day." Not the least sombre factor is the fact that India is definitely on the verge of starvation and that it is stark hunger that is one of the root causes of disturbances in the country. Indeed, unless the world's regard and sympathy for India soon take the more tangible form of more food exports, there may be terrible famine in various parts of the country in the two or three months from October. India deserves to be saved from the horrors of such a famine in her own interests as also in the interests of world peace.

Government And Tribesmen

A few days ago, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan issued a Press statement revealing how a certain area in Waziristan was recently bombarded and how the whole thing was kept a close secret presumably by the Defence Department. The Government reply was that it was not a "mass aerial bombardment" and that, on the contrary, it was undertaken as a punitive measure in a limited area in Waziristan and only after a full warning to enable the inhabitants to leave their homes and that there were only two casualties. We are prepared to accept the Government explanation. But that very action and its justification arise out of a policy which is fundamentally objectionable and which has long been the main issue between India and the British Government.

Time To Change Policy

The entire trans-border tribal trouble arises from the strategic aims of temperamentally imperialistic rulers who felt that "security" meant a "forward" military policy combined with attempts to subjugate the tribes, who resented encroachments on their life and liberty. It was a vicious circle of political and military aggression and resistance. And the policy has proved a costly failure apart from intensifying hostility among the tribesmen. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was among the first to condemn it categorically, and long before non-Congress leaders even began to perceive that there was a certain thing as trans-border tribesmen who needed to be treated like human beings. He it was who, along with Congress leaders of the Frontier Province, demanded a radical change in the British policy. It is now possible to effect that change and to approach the problem of tribesmen as one requiring constructive assistance to them and encouragement rather than suppression of their own type of democracy. The tribesmen know Jawaharlal and will respond to his humane and statesmanlike touch in ample measure. It is possible to win tribal friendship, goodwill and even wholehearted loyalty. Here arises the question of incorporating the tribal areas to the Frontier Provinces. It is absurd to suggest, as Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar tries to do, that they are to be incorporated forcibly. There are obviously immense advantages in the amalgamation of the tribal areas and the present N.W.F.P. into a larger province, but it will come about by free consent. No Congressman can even think of denying them self-determination. What is certainly suggested as possible and even desirable is that with a new policy towards them, the tribesmen, convinced of the sincerity of the National Government, will readily agree to opt in.

BOMBAY FACES GRAVE FOOD SITUATION

Hopes Of Improved Import Position Strengthened With Coming Of Interim National Govt.

MASANI PLEADS FOR FIVE YEAR PLAN FOR PROVINCE

POONA, Sept. 11 (API): "I am convinced that Bombay can be self-sufficient in the way of food supplies within five years," said Mr. M. R. Masani, Chairman of the People's Provincial Food Council, in the course of his speech at the annual meeting of the Council in the Legislative Assembly Hall this morning.

"Bombay Province in normal times has a food grains deficit of only about 14 per cent, and both the Fifteen Year Plan and the Kharegat Memorandum have shown that food production can be doubled within a period of 15 years. This can only be done, however, if substantial expenditure is undertaken in order to give the cultivator the necessary assistance and incentives", he added.

Mr. Masani pointed out that, as things were to-day, this province faced a deficit of 225 000 tons of food grains between now and the end of 1946. The programme of deliveries by the Central Government was not adequate to keep stocks up to the essential level and even the present inadequate 12-ounce ration was in danger. He welcomed the resolution passed at the recent meeting of Food Ministers in Delhi insisting on the maintenance of the present ration and, after discussing the reasons why the Central Government had hitherto failed to secure adequate imports from abroad and to mobilise the resources of certain northern and eastern provinces, Mr Masani expressed the confident hope that the Interim National Government at the Centre would be able to use more radical methods to deal with the threat of famine.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, inaugurating the meeting stated that the food situation in the Province in the next few "crucial" months needed careful watching and the Government would have to enforce its procurement programme as effectively and efficiently as in the past. "That is part of our policy which has earned for us the right to demand all possible assistance from the Central Government in meeting our deficit", he added.

The Prime Minister indicated that the monsoon had been favourable this year except in some parts of the Deccan famine zone and even in these parts latest reports indicated that recent rains might enable the rabi tracts in Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur to have good crops next season.

The Prime Minister endorsed the stress laid by the Council in the past on the Central Government's duty to secure from the United Nations Food Organisation an adequate and regular import of cereals. He invited, however, attention to the oft-repeated admonition of Mahatma Gandhi to make the country self-supporting in the matter of food requirements.

Mr. Kher asked the Council to forward suggestions to the Government for intensifying the "grow more food campaign' and for making the growth of food crops even more effective than it was. The task of making the Province self-sufficient was, Mr. Kher said, an "uphill one" but he assured that "we are not deterred by its immensity."

Mr. Kher invited the co-operation of the Council in educating public opinion, stimulating voluntary efforts at saving food resources and exposing anti-social practices on the part of the public, trading classes and of officials. The Council, he said, could also, by undertaking a comparative study of food and nutrition policy in various parts of the world, help the Government in formulating its own policy and in drawing up its own programme.

BOMBAY FACES DEFICIT

The province of Bombay faced a deficit of about 224,000 tons of foodgrains between now and the end of December when new crops would be available, stated Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies Minister. Explaining the food position in the Province at the meeting, Mr. Desai, however, felt that there was no cause for despondency at this stage in the matter of food position. He assured that the Provincial Government had adopted all vigorous measures for procurement and distribution of foodgrains and appealed to the public to extend to the Government the same cooperation they had been showing so far in regard to handling of food situation.

WHEN CENTRAL GOVT. FAILED

The Civil Supplies Minister complained that the Central Government had, so far, not been as active as it should have been in the matter of procurement of food grains from outside. The internal resources of the country, he stated, had also not been properly organised. Grains from the Punjab and Sind, the two surplus Provinces, were not being made available to the deficit provinces in sufficient quantities. Mr. Desai suggested that the Punjab or Sind could send supplies to Bombay now to enable it to tide over its food difficulties and which could be returned by Bombay afterwards when the food position in the Province improved.

The Civil Supplies Minister, however, hoped that with the Interim National Government at the Centre now things would change for the better.

GRAVE SITUATION

The Council adopted a resolution expressing "grave concern at the absence of any assurance that the minimum stocks necessary for the needs of the Province will be maintained in the coming months".

The resolution added: "In the opinion of the Council, the Central Government's programme for imports of foodgrains into the Province is inadequate to meet provincial requirements for the rest of the year 1946 even on the basis of the reduced ration of 12 ozs., which does not allow of a healthy and efficient existence for the mass of the people and which should be restored to 1 lb. at the earliest possible date.

The Council is convinced that, pending the restoration of the full ration, public opinion in the Province will insist on the maintenance of the present ration in all circumstances. The Council is glad that this determination is shared by the Provincial Government and it congratulates the representatives of the Bombay Government and those of other Provincial Governments for taking a firm stand at the recent meeting of Food Ministers of the Central and Provincial Government regarding the absolute need for maintaining the foodgrains ration at its present level."

HOPES OF IMPROVEMENT

The Council was also glad that, though belatedly, a decision had been taken at the recent meeting of Food Ministers for the enforcement of similar measures, as the stringent scheme of monopoly procurement and graded levy in operation in Bombay Province, in those provinces which had hitherto failed to mobilise effectively their own resources.

The Council stated that "with an Interim National Government at the Centre, which is likely to be responsive to the country's needs and requirements, India's position in regard to the securing of imports of foodstuffs is greatly strengthened, and this Council hopes and trusts that the efforts of the new Central Government will result in securing for the people of this country an increased flow of imports making it possible for the food front to be held through the coming months of scarcity."

BRITISH POLICY TOWARDS IRAN

Shiahs Perturbed

Maulvi Syed Kalbe Abbas, General Secretary, All-Parties Shia Conference, writes:—

"The Shias of India and Iraq are spiritually bound up with the Shias of Iran by the common tie of religion. In fact the Shias of India are either the aborigines of Iran or Iraq. Most of the holy shrines of their spiritual preceptors, the revered Imams, are situated in these countries and because of their sanctity a large number of Indian families have migrated to Iraq and Iran and settled there. Naturally, in spite of such migration, the connections of such "muhajirins" or emigrants have continued with India and the spiritual tie has resulted in keeping alive intimate social relations between the co-religionists. This is why any question that affects the vital interest religious, social or political, of either of the above countries, creates a sensation among the Shias of India. The occupation of Iran by the Allied forces has been a source of continuous solicitude to Shias but as they were keenly interested in the defence of India, they tolerated it as a war measure and believed that the terms of treaty of Teheran of 1st December, 1943, would be respected by the Allies who were parties to it, but as soon as they feared that the liberty of Iran was being jeopardised by the stay of foreign troops in Iran, they, at the memorable sessions of the All-Parties Shia Conference, held at Lucknow on 15th October, 1946, passed a resolution of protest against such retention of Soviet and British forces in Iran even after the termination of the war, as it amounted to perpetuation of a constant military regime for the destruction of the internal political life and cultural structure of Iran and demance of the pledge for the maintenance of the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Iran and for securing to it the participation with all other peace-loving nations in the establishment of international peace security and prosperity after the war in accordance with the principles of the Atlantic Charter, should be redeemed in full and not set at naught.

ALL FOR OIL

Since then, there have been checquered incidents of withdrawal and posting of troops, how by the Soviet and again by the British. It appears that the importance of Iran, both from the economic and the political point of view, has been clearly demonstrated during the last Great War and this accounts for the scramble that is going on between the Soviet and the British for keeping a hold on Iran and holding it under their sway. Lately the Soviet has displayed better sense of proportion by withdrawing its troops and leaving the Tudah Party free to develop democratic government in Iran. But the inroads of the British in Southern Iran have increased and, to crown all, troops from India are being poured in to crush the democracy of Iran to secure monopoly of the oil land and gain permanent footing therein. The pledge for the maintenance of independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Iran as given in the Teheran treaty is defiantly flouted under the garb of securing to Iran internal peace and prosperity. Iraqists are also being stirred up to squeeze the people of Iran between the two flanks of military forces. Indian troops have been sent to Basrah. All this is being done in the confidence that the two big political organizations in India, the Congress and the Muslim League, will not take any notice of the British highhandedness in Iran. While the Indonesian and the South African questions have engaged the attention of the Congress and the Palestine question that of the League it is surprising that the plight of Iran, the home of Shias in the nearest East, has not been taken notice of by either, just as the case of three crores of Shias of India has been ignored till recently, the case of 14 millions of Shia Iranians has been deliberately left out of account by these major bodies. It is true that the Shias are not so well organised politically as other communities are, but their religious fervour has been tested on more than one occasion and if once their religious frenzy and sympathy for their co-religionists of Iran is roused, no sacrifice will be spared by them to protect their sacred land from foreign aggression. The international aspect of the question is of no minor importance and if the 30 lakhs of Frontier Shias, whose martial spirit is not yet cowed down and majority of whom are in the Indian Army take up the question of independence of Iran, the question of Iran hitherto ignored by all will assume abnormal importance. Every Shia in India is feeling that while Indian troops have been withdrawn from Indonesia and British troops from Egypt, their services are being utilised to curb the spirit of independence and democracy in Iran. The Shia Anjumans and volunteers corps are agitated over the matter and are taking it up in right earnest. It is not possible to foretell what line of action the Shia organisations will take but it is pretty clear that there is resentment and indignation in all Shia quarters which forebodes strong action. To me it appears that the Iranian question will strengthen the bonds of unity between the Shia organisations of India and Iran and will set on foot a pan-Imamiah movement of international importance.

DISTRESS CALL FROM INDIA

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, (Reuter): Stressing the urgent need for grain shipments to India the India Famine Emergency Committee in a special bulletin reported that "on September 1 India's grain stocks continuing their steady decline fell for the first time below six weeks' supply—the minimum needed for an uninterrupted functioning of her rationing system".

The bulletin which made no mention of the United States maritime strike which is holding up all shipments said: "There is not enough grain in transit to India even to maintain against consumption, the strenuous working stocks still available".

A crisis, the bulletin said, was equally evident in the contrast between India's import needs for the July-December period—over two million tons—and the total of over one million tons received, in transit or scheduled.

"Large shipments of United States grain were booked for India in September but current exports from other countries are unfortunately small.

"It is estimated that at least 225 000 tons of grain in addition to the present commitments must be loaded for shipment to India this month if a general collapse of her rationing system is to be averted. This figure will be met only if all possible sources of supply contribute as generously as they can.

"The United States is scheduled to load 224,000 tons of grain for India during September. This total is a welcome sign that the American Government is aware of India's urgent needs. It is essential that boxcar shortages should not interfere with its movement as planned and the October shipments, at least equal to those in September, should be loaded as early as possible next month."

CEYLON GETS BURMA RICE

COLOMBO, Sept. 11, (API): With Ceylon's rice stocks reported down to five days' supply, a ship has arrived at Colombo from Rangoon—the first from Burma since the outbreak of the Pacific war. Cargo was today being discharged from the 7,500-ton British ship "Nawab".

Indian Food Mission In Argentina Signs Agreement

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 11, (UPA): Foreign Ministry sources today said the Indian Food Mission had signed and agreement with Miguel Miranda, President of the Argentine Central Bank whereby India sells Argentina 500 tons of crude rubber and receives 600 tons of Argentine products necessary to Indian industry plus large quantities of grains and food.

INVITATION TO JINNAH

Convene All-Party Muslim Conference, Says Maulana Ahmad Saeed

Maulana Ahmad Saeed Sahib President, Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Delhi Province, has addressed the following letter to Mr. Mohammad Ali Jinnah President, All-India Muslim League, on September 2 in reply to Mr. Jinnah's I'd Day appeal to all Nationalist Muslims to come and unite under the League banner:—

"I have read your recent statement which has appeared in the Press. I am glad after the lapse of full two years you have again felt the necessity that the Muslims of all shades of opinion should unite and accordingly you have appealed to the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, the Majlis-i-Ahrar, the Khaksar and all the other Nationalist Muslim organisations to join the Muslim League.

"Let me assure you that there is hardly any Muslim organisation which does not feel it imperative to come to some understanding with the Muslim League, particularly today when the future and honourable existence of Muslims depends upon their united might.

"My suggestion to you is, therefore, that you should at once convene an All-Parties Muslim Conference or a Conference of the respective representatives of all the parties, including those of the Muslim League. In such an open forum of such a Conference we, after deliberations, discussions and free and frank exchanges of views, can come to an understanding and then forge a way out of the impasse, between the Muslim League and the other non-League organisations.

"If you agree to my view, I am sure some very useful purpose will be served in the best interests of the Muslim nation. But it is not democratic in my opinion, to ask the organisations with difference of opinion to accept the settle policy of the Muslim League with which a considerable number of Muslims do not see eye to eye. You should, therefore, invite the other Muslim organisations to unite and chalk out a common policy and programme acceptable to all".—O.P.I.

JINNAH BANKS ON TORIES' RETURN!

London Speculation About League Leader's Latest

LONDON, Sept. 11. (U.P.I.): Mr. Jinnah's latest offer to accept an invitation to come to London to start a new series of conferences on equal footing with other negotiators is considered in the responsible British Labour quarters as delaying tactics to gain time and to keep the India issue undecided until the Tory Party comes to power again. Having regard to the domestic and international difficulties which are cropping up every day, some shrewd observers say that the present Government may have to resign earlier than 1950. The Conservatives have been telling their friends that a fresh general election could be expected by the end of next year. This is pointed out, fits in with Mr. Jinnah's idea of a conference in London where he can be in direct and personal touch with the Tory leaders and other diehard supporters of Pakistan.

At the moment it can be said that Whitehall has no plans for another Indian Round Table Conference.

Chhatari To Contact Jinnah

ALIGARH, Sept. 11. (A.P.I.): The Nawab of Chhatari, former President of the Nizam's Executive Council, who had recently sought an interview with the Viceroy and had discussed with His Excellency the present political situation in India, told the Associated Press of India in an interview that he was not without hope for a solution of the communal problem.

The Nawab said that he hoped to contact Mr. Jinnah shortly.

TELE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

JERUSALEM, September 10.—As the British Prime Minister, Mr Clement Attlee, was today delivering his formal address of welcome to the delegates to the London Palestine Conference, British headquarters in Jerusalem issued an official statement listing British casualties in the latest terrorist outrages."—Reuter.

* * *

Dr Sunidharan reports that the attitude of the average American towards India was more friendly now than ever before.

Which only proves that the average American is rather ignorant of the situation in India.

* * *

From the authorised version of Mr. Jinnah's interview with the "Daily Mail" of London: "If the British withdraw both their troops and their interest in the administration as they should if they cannot manage honourably we can sort things out for ourselves."

There is quite possibly truth in the suggestion that Mr. Winston Churchill, who has been hoping to appoint himself protector of Indian Muslims and, indeed, of all India, will be surprised and much annoyed.

* * *

The Associated Press of America reports Mr. Jinnah as stating: "I am not negotiating with Russia, nor am I hoping to negotiate with Russia for her intervention into the affairs of India. Any such story is nonsense if anybody is spreading it."

Perhaps Mr. Yusuf Abdullah Haroon and the Council of the Sind Provincial Muslim League will now deign to take notice of at least Mr. Jinnah's statement.

* * *

Referring to the resignations of the four Ministers, Mr. Syed asks "what is behind this desperate step?"

—Press Report

The question is incomplete. It should be "what and who are.." And, of course, it isn't necessary answer the question.

* * *

Opening the Palestine Conference, Mr. Attlee said: "Too much time should not be devoted to discussion of past history."

It would be most embarrassing, wouldn't it?

* * *

Mr. Attlee claimed that Arab national revival was due to the breaking of Ottoman dominion by British forces in 1914-18.

As is proved by the fact that the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem is an exile.

* * *

Mr. Attlee also suggested that the destiny of Britain was a matter of importance to the Arabs.

How true especially if one's memory devoted even a little time to—er—past history.

* * *

October 20 has been fixed as "Tar-ka Day" for the completion of the present agenda of the Conference.

It is also "D minus 3 Day" for the shifting of the peace war to another battlefield

TWO EYES OF MOTHER INDIA

Raja Mahendra Pratap On Hindu-Muslim Unity

ALIGARH, Sept. 11. (A.P.I.): The conviction that India's prosperity and National Government in the real sense could not be achieved without Hindu-Muslim unity was expressed by Raja Mhendra Pratap speaking at an "At Home" given in his honour by Mr. A. M. Khawaja this evening.

Raja Mahendra Pratap, who has met Mr. Jinnah, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and other leaders, said that forty years ago Hindus and Muslims were living like brothers in India. He had his education from the Mchammedan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, and he still remembered the saying of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan that Hindus and Muslims were the two eyes of Mother India.

Mr. Khawaja described Raja Mahendra Pratap as great nationalist from his childhood and paid tributes to his sacrifices in the cause of the country.

Later Raja Mahendra Pratap was taken in a procession through the main streets of the city.

More Gain For India Through Easy Air Access

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10, (U. P. A.): C.A.B. Chairman James M. Landis, on his departure for London, today said, "I hope India sees the light and grants unrestricted permission for planes to enter India."

"India has more to gain by granting easy access than otherwise," Landis said.

SIDKY PASHA TO MEET FAROUK AT RHODES

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 11 (A.P.A.): Ismail Sidky Pasha, Premier of Egypt, will fly to Rhodes to-day to confer with King Farouk on changes in the Egyptian Cabinet. It was learned to-day at the close of a two-hour meeting of the Council of Ministers. King Farouk is at present spending a holiday in the Mediterranean.

18 KHAKSARS JAILED

MEERUT, September 11 (A. P. I.): Eighteen Khaksars arrested for alleged breach of Sec 144 were convicted under Sec. 188 I.P.C and sentenced to a fine of Rs. 15 each or in default to three days' simple imprisonment. The accused refused to pay the fine.

INCREASED PRODUCTION

Or Else, "There Is Bound To Be Distress And Black-Marketing", Says 'C. R.'

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (U.P.I.): "I am sorry I cannot hereafter help you with any views or news which can interest newspaper readers. I must apply my mind to men and problems entrusted to my care by the new Government. This is best done by maintaining a comparative silence," said the Hon'ble Mr. C Rajagopalachari, Supply and Industries Minister, Interim Government, to the "United Press of India" special representative, who interviewed him this morning.

Looking very much pulled down and weak and lying in bed, the Hon'ble Mr. Rajagopalachari told the United Press of India representative: "You see, I am not quite well still."

EVERYTHING IN SHORT SUPPLY

"There is a great deal to do and we should approach things with proper humility", he continued. "I may, however, say that almost everything we require in this country is in short supply. Unless production is well in advance of national requirements, there is bound to be distress and black-marketting. Taking all things with due sense of proportion, we should lay stress on increased production all round, leaving other considerations to wait for better days."

CONFERENCE OF LABOUR MINISTER

The "United Press of India" understands that the Hon'ble Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Minister, Interim Government, is convening a conference of all Labour Ministers of the different Provinces in Delhi on Oct. 9 and 10. Invitations in this connection, it is further learnt, have been already issued. Labour problems in various parts of the country will, it is understood, figure as the most important item on the agenda.

PLEA FOR REMOVAL OF RESTRICTIONS ON HURS

LAHORE, Sept. 11 (U.P.I.): An appeal to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the Interim National Government not to regard the Hurs of Sind as criminals and remove all restrictions on them, as made in a resolution at a meeting of the Punjab Nationalist Muslim Party to-day. Sardar Neem Hashmi, a prominent Nationalist Muslim presided.

Free India And Aboriginals

Govt. To Start Anthropological Survey

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11: Dr. S. B. Guha, I learn, has been appointed Director of the newly-created Anthropological Survey of India. Father Verrier Elwin has been offered the post as his deputy.

According to the scheme it is proposed to start a nucleus of an anthropological survey of India with the minimum of administrative and technical staff. The survey will be expanded and developed on the lines of a five-year-plan by Dr. Guha in consultation with Col. R. B. Saymour, lately of the Zoological Survey of India.

Impending changes in social and administrative services in India will require expert guidance for the property developed by the Anthropological Survey Department, if Indian are to assimilate about 25 million aboriginal and tribal people in a healthy manner into her general system. "Except in a few isolated cases there is little accurate information available about the primitive tribes of this country, particularly in regard to their social and economic requirements. Nor is there any reliable account as to how these primitive people are being affected by the impact of modern conditions of life; hence the need for survey.

Although the headquarters of the survey will be located in Calcutta, much of the work will be done in camps established in selected tribal areas. The scheme for training annually some postgraduates in systematics of anthropology is also being undertaken through universities such as Calcutta, Benares and Nagpur.

No Confidence In Ministry

Motion Tabled In Bengal Assembly Which Meets To-day

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11 (API).—A no-confidence motion in the Bengal Ministry has been tabled by a Congress member. Notice has also been given of an adjournment motion by some Opposition members to discuss the recent Calcutta riots.

The Assembly Congress Party met today to discuss the situation in the Province and the business coming up before the Assembly. It meets again tomorrow.

The adjourned session of the Bengal Assembly will begin at 4-30 p.m. tomorrow and the Council meets at 2-30 p.m.

"Labour Department's Irresponsibility"

MADRAS, Sept. 11 (APA).—Mr. S. Guruswamy, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, in a Press statement today accused the Labour Department of the Government of India as having "completely abdicated its responsibility in spite of the Madras Government's advice" to settle the South Indian Railway strike.

According to Mr. Guruswamy the demand made by the Union relating to disciplinary and appeal rules is "modest" and that this question need not wait consideration of the Pay Commission.

TENANCY BILL'S "CREEPING" PROGRESS IN ASSEMBLY

Maximum Rent Clause Proves Most Controversial

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Sept. 11.

The Bombay Legislative Assembly is making "creeping" progress with the consideration of the Tenancy Act Amendment Bill. Almost four hours of to-day's sitting were taken up with the debate on a single clause. The discussion has not yet concluded. The Minister-in-Charge is yet to speak on the amendments and when the House adjourned at 7 p.m. Mr. M. M. Bhatjee (Colaba), mover of one of the amendments, was still on his feet.

The long debate has been caused by Clause XVII of the Amending Bill which provides that in fixing rents there shall be a maximum of one-fourth of the value of the crop in the case of 'Bagait' or irrigated lands and one-third in the case of 'Jirait' lands. A series of amendments ranging from deletion of the entire clause to varying proportion of rent rising upto half the crop share, were moved and supported by a number of speakers, the chief of whom was Mr. M. A. A. Bhalji, who held the floor for a long time. The chief argument of the opponents of the clause was that it was unfair to landlords, that in any case it should not be fixed in that manner but allowed to vary according to locality and quality of the land by local usage.

BARRAGE FROM BACK-BENCHERS

The Congress Whip obviously relaxed his control and a number of back benchers opened up a regular barrage in support of the clause. The chief supporters of the clause were Mr. D. K. Kunte, (Colaba), the Parliamentary Secretary to the Premier, Mr. Bhogilal Lala, (Ahmedabad), Mr. Vyankatrao Pawar, (Satara South), Secretary of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and Mr. M. D. Joshi, (Ratnagiri).

They generally argued that the landlord was really not entitled to anything more than a fair rate of interest on his investment, that the provision was liberal and erred, if at all, on the side of the landlords and that at any rate the landlords have had such a long spell of advantages that the time had come to think of the poor peasants also.

NANDA ON THE GUARD

Benefiting by the experience of the slow progress of the Tenancy Bill, Mr. Gulzarilal Nahda, Labour Minister, has decided to adopt the method of settling differences by informal consultation, if possible. He is anxious that the Industrial Relations Bill should pass through all stages and be placed on the statute book by the end of this month. Thus is because a number of conciliation proceedings ar eat present being carried on under the provisions of the Defence of India Rules which will expire by the end of the month. He has invited a group of persons including Mr. S. A. Dange, who is likely to be the chief critic of the Bill, to meet him everyday from tomorrow to see if it would be possible to formulate certain agreed amendments and thus avoid sending the Bill to the Select Committee.

Mr. S. L. Karandikar, the sole representative of the Hindu Mahasabha in the House, also opposed the clause.

Ten amendments were moved to the clause seeking to increase the share of the landlord.

The House earlier passed three other clauses of the Bill, all the amendments being lost.

The discussion on the third reading of this Bill is expected to conclude to-morrow.

NO JEWISH STATE IN PALESTINE

(Continued From Page 1)

that for reasons independent of her will and of other Arabs.

"Palestine alone has been required to be the instrument in the realisation of the dreams and ambitions of political Zionists", he said. "Thus a heavy burden has been laid upon her shoulders and a policy imposed on her which seems to decree that her people should be forcibly uprooted from their own land in order that another people may take their place.

"In this connection the confusion between the world Jewish problem and Palestine has had the most unfortunate results. The Jewish problem as such is of world concern and requires a worldwide solution. Palestine has nothing to do with this problem, nor can any solution be found in Palestine.

They most heartily endorsed Mr. Attlee's views concerning the desirability of economic and social development of all Arab countries. Indeed, the desire for such development was one of the motives which led them to form the Arab League.

"We should welcome every form of economic co-operation with Great Britain that would be in the interests of both parties, but we are of the firm conviction that no such co-operation however extensive, would give concrete results if any recognition of an independent political status were accorded to the Jews in Palestine.

"We are also firmly convinced that any such recognition would constitute a grave menace to our economic life".

ARAB UNITY

The conference offered a great opportunity to Arab States to express their aspirations and to provide proof of the fact that the peoples of Arab countries were essentially one, united in their hopes and desires. There was only one thing they regretted and that was that they did not see among them any representatives of Palestine Arabs.

"But it should be understood that the whole Arab world in standing behind Palestine in her misfortunes is only championing its own cause in defending its national existence and security".

They agreed with Mr. Attlee that it was not impossible to solve the Palestinian problem. If it seemed almost impossible, the reason was that, while a natural solution was so simple and clear, they turned their backs upon it trying to devise an artificial solution. A natural solution dictated by commonsense was that the right of the peoples of Palestine should be recognised to live securely in their own country and determine their own fate in the same way as other peoples.

APPLY DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLE

The application of the democratic principle should not be denied to the people of Palestine.

That was a principle to vindicate which free nations sacrificed their millions and was the basis on which they had set up the United Nations Organisation embodying the high ideals of the Atlantic Charter. In the nature of things, Palestine should belong to its own people and those people of whatever religion should be able to enjoy a free and secure life.

For the sake of reaching a just solution compatible with democratic principles, they would concern themselves with the past or enter into any theoretical argument only in so far as it might be necessary to demonstrate the truth and put matters in their right perspective in such a way as might lead to a practical solution.

"What we are concerned with is that the Arabs of Palestine shall not lose their inherent rights; that the Arab States shall have their rights recognised and no part of Palestine should be cut off to make home or a State for a body of immigrants belonging to different nationalities.

"On that basis and within those limits we have come to exchange opinions and engage in discussion in a spirit of friendship and co-operation with Great Britain hoping that we may together find the right way and peace may remain in the Arab world and consequently in the world at large."

They shared with Mr. Attlee his regrets that the situation in Palestine should have reached such a degree of gravity and condemned the terrorism practised by gangs of political Zionists which exposed the lives of the inhabitants to perpetual danger. If that continued it was gravely to be feared that the situation would deteriorate still further and it would compel the people of Palestine to resort to their own means of defending themselves. He concluded that they came to the Conference confident in themselves and convinced of the justice of their cause which no just man could deny.

ARAB-JEW CLEAVAGE COMPLETE

Today's Arab reply was drafted by a meeting of all Arab delegates, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent says. "It is reliably understood that they were unanimous in rejecting partition as a solution for the Palestine problem," the correspondent adds. "This makes complete the cleavage between the Arab standpoint and that of the Jewish Agency as outlined yesterday by Dr. Nakum Goldman, a leading member of the Agency's Executive. The possibility that during the Conference British and Arab delegates might come round to partition, so making possible the attendance of Jewish representatives, has plainly receded with today's statement of Arab policy. The Arabs do not seem to be in a mood to make concessions and there is still no sign that Britain will move far from the Federal proposals drafted last spring by the Anglo-American Committee of Experts."

JEWS ADAMANT

After this morning's session, the Arab delegates attended a formal banquet with the Prime Minister and the Foreign Minister.

A member of the Jewish Agency said today that any suggestion that their attitude towards taking part in the Conference had changed was "wishful thinking".

Palestine Watches London Talks

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11 (Reuter): A spokesman of the Palestine Arab Higher Committee to-day said that the Committee had deferred its response to the urgent request by Mufti Haj Amin Husseini that it should meet him in Alexandria.

The response had been deferred pending the clearing of important points on the progress of the Palestine talks in London, the spokesman added.

Rajai Husseini, Director of the Arab Office in London, who arrived in Jerusalem yesterday, flew to Alexandria to-day to meet the Mufti, the Arab Office here said.

Higher Committee members would not deny or confirm the rumour that Rajai Husseini has been delegated by the Arab Delegations in London to obtain the Committee's consent to send a Palestine Arab "observer" to London.

Lucknow Arrests

LUCKNOW, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): Mr. Shibban Lal Saxena, a member of the Council of the U. P. C. C. and Mr. Balram Singh, Secretary, Lucknow District Congress Committee, were arrested to-night under the Defence of India Rules in connection with the labour strike in Lucknow.

Mr. Ansar Harvani, a member of the All-India Congress Committee, has been served with a notice by the City Magistrate of Lucknow to show cause why he should not be bound down under Section 107 I.P.C. read with Section 117 I.P.C. and made to sign a personal bond for Rs. 500 each to keep peace in the city.

Mr. Harvani has been asked to present himself before the City Magistrate on Thursday, September 12.

Eight more persons have been arrested in connection with the strike.

MAMDOT TO MEET JINNAH

Punjab Plan For "Direct Action" Complete

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11. (A.P.I.): The Committee of Action of the Muslim League has decided to depute Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Muslim League, to meet Mr. M. A. Jinnah. He is leaving for Bombay tomorrow and it is believed that he will seek the advice of the League President on matters relating to the direct action programme.

The Committee which met the Salar-i-Ala and Provincial Heads of the Muslim National Guards this morning, is understood to have discussed organisational matters with them. It is learnt that they have been asked to take steps to strengthen and to improve the organization.

The Central Parliamentary Board had discussions with leaders of the Opposition in the various Provincial Legislatures they are meeting again in the evening.

MAMDOT ON NATURE OF ACTION

"The aim of our movement is to paralyse the Government by peaceful means in the beginning", said Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League and Leader of Opposition in the Punjab Assembly, in an interview to the United Press of India. "If we are not successful by peaceful means", added the Khan, "it may take other shape, but I cannot say what form it will take; it depends on the circumstances".

"Punjab is prepared to launch "direct action" any moment. We are fully prepared so far as our provincial programme is concerned", continued the Khan.

Asked for an idea of Punjab's programme, he said that the Provincial programme would include among other items, picketing defiance of orders, banning meetings, processions, etc.

The Council of Action of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League will meet in Lahore on September 16 to finalyse the "direct action" programme for the Punjab and decide when to launch the movement.

SLIGHT TENSION IN FORT AREA

Two Stabbed: Explosive Thrown At Heap Of Rubbish

BOMBAY, Sept. 11 (API).—"Even those parts of Bombay which recently witnessed the worst rioting, had a fairly good day today and a better night. But, the Fort area, with its long established reputation for safety and security even during the worst communal disorders in other parts of the city, is for the first time in recent years having an uneasy midnight tonight", states a Press Note issued by the Director of Information, Bombay Government tonight.

POLICE REINFORCED

It adds: "Slight tension prevailed in one sector of this area following two incidents of stabbing about 9 p.m. while in another sector, a crude explosive was thrown by some mischief-makers at a rubbish heap, creating confusion in the neighbourhood. Police in this area have now been reinforced.

CARTRIDGES & KNIVES SEIZED

One rifle cartridge, nine .12 bore cartridges and ten knives were seized when the House of a suspect was searched by the police in North Bombay this evening.

In all 68 arrests were made in the city today making a total of 2803 for 11 days. Five persons were injured today; the total casualties for the eleven days ending midnight tonight are 145 dead and 728 injured.

Earlier

Press Note issued by the Director of Information says: "More shops have reopened this morning in Bombay and people are moving about more freely in their own areas. They are also taking greater interest in their daily avocations.

"Buses and trams are covering a wider area than hitherto and all big workshops and most of the mills are working. Less than half a dozen mills are closed, because the dispute over the change of hours is not yet settled".

BOMBAY, Sept. 11: Excepting for a case of looting of a small cloth shop this morning in connection of which three persons have been arrested, the city has been quiet from 11 p.m. last night upto 8 a.m. There were no other incidents.

Form Mohalla Committees

Mr Ibrahim Haji Mahomed Mistry, president of the Muslim Social Workers' Group, Bombay, writes:—

"The effective and immediate way of stopping the riots in Bombay city, is to form Mohalla Peace Committees all over the city with selfless, courageous, spirited and sincere people selected from every 'mohalla" or streets. These Mohalla Committees should guard their own localities against any untoward incidents happening in their respective areas. Vans fitted with loud-speakers should move in the disturbed areas, asking people not to believe rumours or give currency to minor incidents and to carry on their peaceful vocations, with their local leaders and voluntary workers. The accredited leaders of both the communities should also go on a round once during the day and meet these Mohalla Committees with a view to acquaint themselves of the situation in different localities. This would help a great deal in restoring peace and order in the city and establish confidence within the shortest possible time.

Curfew Extended In Nasik

NASIK, Sept. 11 (API). The Ganpati immersion festival passed off peacefully yesterday in Nasik City, Yeola and Malegaon.

Curfew has been extended by another week in Nasik City, but the hours are relaxed so as to operate between 9 p.m. and 5 a.m.

Will Congress Say It?

What Suhrawardy Wants To End Political Deadlock

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11, (A.P.I.): Whatever may be the details of a settlement between the Congress and the Muslim League, the one outstanding pre-condition must be sincere desire on the part of both parties to co-operate and not merely manoeuvre for position to get a tactical victory", said Mr. H S. Suhrawardy, Chief Minister of Bengal, in an interview to the "Associated Press of India" on the present political situation in the country.

Mr. Suhrawardy returned to Calcutta yesterday after his visit to Bombay where he met Mr. Jinnah and then to Delhi where he saw the Viceroy.

Mr. Suhrawardy said that when he spoke in Bombay he gave his own views on some matters still outstanding between the Congress and the Muslim League. He would say how that "Congress is in a very much stronger position to-day and it would make all the difference in the world, if it could tell the Muslims, 'What do you want? You can have it' and it will find that the Muslims will immediately try and co-operate with the Congress". "In that state of affairs", Mr. Suhrawardy added, "things can be settled on an interim basis which will be satisfactory to both parties".

"Congress alone can say this", continued Mr. Suhrawardy "because the Hindus are numerically superior. But even if it does not go as far as that, it must give more signs of co-operation than mere words and phrases. If such a background could be developed, it would not take time to work out details for a settlement. Without this background any settlement now there would be deadlocks and bickerings at a later date".

AWAIT 'DIRECT ACTION' ORDERS

While, speaking of communal tension, Mr. Suhrawardy desired to clarify a point on which, he said, there should not be any misunderstanding. The Muslim League was contemplating some form of 'Direct Action' and had asked the Muslims to prepare for it. But let it be clearly understood, he emphasised the Muslim League has not given the signal for 'Direct Action' nor laid down any programme. It has definitely asked the Muslims to maintain peace and has categorically stated that any precipitate action will be detrimental to their cause".

Continuing Mr. Suhrawardy said: "The 'Direct Action', whatever form it may take, is going to be non-violent. It is not going to take the form of arson, murder and loot. Muslims, therefore, will have to be extremely careful how they act, and must not allow themselves to be provoked".

CALCUTTA RIOTS INQUIRY

Bengal Govt. Announce Terms Of Reference

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11, (A.P.I.): The terms of reference of the Commission of Enquiry, under the presidentship of the Chief Justice of India, Sir Patrick Spens, will be, says a Communique:

"To enquire into the causes and the course of the disturbances in Calcutta between Friday, August 16, and Tuesday, August 20, and into the measures taken to deal with them and to submit to the Government of Bengal a report of their findings".

The Communique says that the President of the Commission will have full discretion to decide the procedure to be followed in the conduct of the enquiry and in particular whether the evidence or any of it will be heard in public or in Camera.

The President of the Commission will also have full powers to appoint times of meetings, to adjourn meetings, to hear such persons as he may think fit, admit or exclude at his absolute discretion any evidence, oral or documentary, which may be tendered before him, and call for such evidence, oral or documentary as he may think fit.

Quiet In Patna

PATNA, Sept. 11, (API). With the promulgation of the curfew communal tension has eased and no incident of any kind from any part of the district has been reported.

Allegations Against I. N. A. Men Refuted

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11, (API). Insinuations about the role of I.N.A. men during the recent disturbances in Calcutta are emphatically denied by the Secretaries of the Bengal I.N.A. Relief Committee in a statement.

Wipe Out Community Complex Says Roy

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11, (API.) Mr. Kiran Sankar Roy, Leader of the Opposition in the Bengal Legislative Assembly, in a broadcast last night from Calcutta Station of All-India Radio made a fervent appeal to his countrymen to forget their communal and political differences and switch on their energy to the work of restoring peace and tranquillity. Hindus and Muslims, he said, would have to live together in future, as they had in the past. India, specially Bengal, must give the goodbye to the question of majority or minority. The time had come when everyone, irrespective of caste, creed or community must make an effort to wipe out the community complex in the larger interest of the nation.

Tension In East Bengal

Reports of tension in some areas of East Bengal continue to be received.

Some hundreds of persons are stated to have been rendered homeless in some villages of Tippera District following looting and incendiarism. People from rural areas are seeking shelter in Comilla town. Reports of forcing conversion to another religion have also been received.

U. N. O. INVITED TO INTERVENE

Indonesian Socialist Party Move Against Dutch Aggression

BATAVIA, Sept. 11, (U.P.A.): Premier Sutan Sjahriar's Indonesian Socialist Party will ask UNO and the International Labour Organization in Paris to take action against Dutch aggression in Indonesia.

The resolution passed by the Congress at Jogjakarta—at which Sjahriar was present—invited the United Nations to "take cognisance of the peaceful policy of the Republic of Indonesia and condemn the Netherlands as an aggressor nation in order to prevent a repetition of the sterility of the League of Nations which was responsible for World War II".

The message to the International Labour League urges that body to "exercise the utmost power to prevent the sending of Dutch troops to Indonesia in order to avoid the recurrence of the tragedy experienced by the international labour movement and the anti-Fascist struggle in Spain in 1936 because of the impotency of internatuonal labour organization".

The meeting sent a message to India inviting Pandit Nehru to visit Indonesia.

India's Envoys To U. N. O:

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Sept. 10.

The U. N. O. delegation from India, it is believed, has been decided. It will, in addition to Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, include Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Khan, Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Mr. K. C. Neogy and Mr. Mohammed Ali Yar Jung from Hyderabad Deccan. Its Secretariat will be led by the Commonwealth Secretary, Mr. R. N. Bannerji.

The A.P.I. adds: It is learnt that Mr. K. P. S. Menon, India's Agent-General in China, will be the alternate delegate to the Indian delegation to the U.N.O. Conference and not Secretary to the delegation as reported earlier.

Mr. Azim Hussain, Deputy Secretary, Information Department, will act as Secretary to the delegation.

INDIA CLAIMS REPARATIONS

Italian Assets In Country May Be Absorbed

PARIS, Sept. 11, (Reuter): Sir Raghavan Pillai told the Italian Economic Committee here today that, while India had refrained from presenting a formal claim to reparations, she made one reservation.

"Italy has assets in India, though they are not considerable", he said. "We reserve the right to absorb these by recourse to reparations that these assets will permit".

Sir Raghavan added: "India contributed in a notable measure to the allied war effort and to the success of allied arms in North Africa and Italy. This contribution has imposed a heavy economic and financial burden on India. The budgetary cost alone to India of the war against Italy was in the neighbourhood of £ 100,000,000. The number of man years represented by the fighting against Italy was 750,000 and those spent in civilian effort, including supply of labour, over 3,000,000. That compensation is due to India and can be legitimately claimed as uncontestable".

After stating that India had not presented a formal claim, Sir Raghavan went on, "We have not wished, by asking a share for ourselves, to reduce the amount available for distribution to countries whose claims may be entitled to priority. We have preferred to avoid adding to Italy's burden of reparations which we feel should not be so heavy as seriously to impair her economic recovery".

The South African delegate, Mr. Robert Jones, said that his Government had not tabled a claim for reparations from Italy and did not intend to do so.

The United States, Australia, Canada and China also announced that their Governments were not putting in reparations claims.

The United States delegate said: "We bent every effort to providing supplies during the war to our allies but we are not at all interested in paying reparations for our ex-enemies. We have therefore renounced our claim."

CANADIAN WHEAT FOR INDIA

WASHINGTON Sept. 11, (Reuter). Fifty thousand tons of Canadian wheat will be shipped to India this month, it was learned today.

Mr. R. L. Gupta, Food Adviser to the Indian Agency General, said that Canada promised six ship loads of wheat in response to a request for all possible aid for India.

Since the vessel will sail from Canadian ports their departure will not be hindred by the American shipping strike.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, (Reuter). India, already facing a possible collapse in her rationing system through lack of grains, way, as the result of the shipping strike here, lose much of the 224,000 tons scheduled for shipment from the United States this month—at a time when America is reaping the biggest aggregate grain harvests in the country's history.

D. F. KARAKA

Off My Chest

On the first floor of a house in Bombay, facing the sea—the house I mean—history was made according to an unreliable report bearing a Warden Road dateline.

The purpose of the meeting was to form an underground movement of Knights and Baronets and other title-holders who are in danger of losing their titles.

Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart was in the Chair.

Electric lights were switched off and as the huge chandelier was extinguished, Sir Currimbhoy's voice was heard in the ominous dark, exclaiming, "Arre, batti jalao." One of the Knights present thereupon lit a candle.

The latter then rose to address Sir Currimbhoy. He said, "Burremia, how can we have an underground movement on the first floor?"

Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim Bart. who was in the chair overruled the objection.

The candle-light flickered and as I peered from under the table where I was hiding, I noticed a third person was also attending this meeting.

There was a long silence. Nobody said anything. It was a little awkward for me because the silence was overwhelming and I could hear my own heart-beats.

"What are we met here for?" said the Knight who had lit the candle.

Sir Currimbhoy replied, "In that column, one columnist has suggested that I should form a new party and that he would support it."

"Which column?" asked the other Knight, who doesn't believe in reading any newspaper except "The Wadhara."

"Off My Chest", said Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart.

That made me (still under the chair) very self-conscious. I had written that column. Now all the responsibility of the meeting was falling on me. Sir Currimbhoy added, "So long as we behave as per the constitution, everyone will support us."

I remembered the phrase. It was a favourite Latin phrase of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Bart He had l[illegible] it from Professor Coelho at St. Xavier's High School and once Coelho taught you a Latin phrase, he usually made you remember it by throwing a Latin text-book at your head.

"So", said one of the Knights, what are we waiting for? We three will form a party. Sir Currimbhoy will be the President, I will be Vice-President and our friend here will be the Secretary." The other Knight objected. He said he was senior and had more experience of committees.

Finally, Sir Currimbhoy declared that they should not quarrel, so he suggested that both the Knights become Vice-Presidents and that he (Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart.) being a Baronet would bear the burden of the Presidentship. They won't appoint a Secretary where four members joined the party.

ACTION AGAINST BR. COMMUNISTS

Instigating "Squatters" To Seize Vacant Property

LONDON, Sept. 11 (Reuter): The British Government is considering institution of proceedings for criminal conspiracy against the London Communists who organised those "squatters" (name for homeless people who seize vacant property) who moved into the Duchess of Bedford's house and Fountain Court in London, it was officially stated to-day.

"Squatters" have been active in various parts of England recently, particularly in military camps which have been temporarily vacant. Their activities in London during the last few days have resulted in action being taken by the Ministry of Works. To-day officials of the Ministry arrived at the Duchess of Bedford's house—a block of flats which was taken over by 1,000 "squatters" last Sunday—to remove furniture. The officials left after one of them said he had been threatened by an iron bar.

The police are on duty outside the Duchess of Bedford's house and by this evening no action had been taken by them.

An official statement issued this afternoon said: "This action has been instigated and organised by the Communist Party and must result in hindering rather than helping arrangements made for an orderly rehousing of those in need of accommodation. The Government are advised that both civil and criminal law have been violated. Unless steps are taken to check lawless measures of this sort, the rights of the ordinary law abiding citizens are endangered and anarchy may result."

PLOT TO DISMEMBER IRAN UNEARTHED

LONDON, Sept. 11, (Reuter). Prince Mozaffar Firoua, Persian Labour and Propaganda Minister, announced today that while on his visit to Ispahan, about 200 miles south of Teheran, he had discovered a "terrible plot" which aimed at dismemberment of the Persian State, Teheran Radio reported.

"I ordered the arrest of the plotters who number several score," Prince Firoua, who returned by air to Teheran today, added.

The Persian Propaganda Minister went to Ispahan to investigate reports of subversive activities.

Italy And Egypt Reach Agreement

PARIS, Sept. 11 (Reuter).—Italy and Egypt have reached an agreement on reparations to be paid to Egypt, it is learned in Italian circles here today.

The sum to be paid has been fixed and [illegible] shortly.

Egypt [illegible] submitting to the [illegible] arrangement was for 10 million sterling.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Needs Of Bombay Muslims

Sir,—H. H. the Aga Khan and his followers, are all business men and men of the world who are thinking of spending a sum of about sixty lakhs of rupees for setting up a hospital and other charitable institutions in the city of Bombay. I would like to place before these gentlemen the following three laudable objects, for their favourable consideration. It is the crying need of the city.

The city of Bombay stands in the need of a good hospital for the Mussalmans of Bombay. This they are going to have. I congratulate them for this, but while doing this let me tell them that the necessary staff of honorary Muslim doctors in all the branches of surgery and medicine are available in the city and I think there will be no objection for them to follow the good examples charitably set out by the doctors of the various other communities. When I sounded them before the war they all showed willingness to do the job. There are two or three other gentlemen, whose revered fathers have reserved some substantial sums in this direction. Why not sound them as well?

The city needs a hostel for college students, which is a pressing need of the time. I have been watching this deficiency since the time I was a student in the Elphinstone College, when I was staying in the Government Hostel behind the Majestic Hotel. I was wondering why the Muslim community did not emulate the examples of sister communities in this matter. It is high time that the followers of H. H. the Aga Khan and his clever and shrewd devotees devoted a part of this huge sum to this activity. It will be certainly a profitable concern. I request them to ponder over this proposal and take a concrete step in this direction.

The third institution that Bombay needs most is Widows and Orphans' Home. We have got some institutions for the orphans, but we have none whatsoever for the widows. Why not start this home as well, where women could be taught some cottage industry, so while receiving shelter, they might as well earn and if not fully at least partly, contribute towards their living?

Would our Aga Khan Muslim brothers in this transitional period rise to the occasion and think seriously with a view to establishing such noble institutions as mentioned above.

A. A. K. SHAIKH.

Facing Disaster

Sir,—The strikes that occur from day to-day and which are bound to spread with every week that goes by have evoked a variety of reactions both on the part of employers and the Government—which latter everywhere in the world has a soft corner for the employers rather than for the wage earning classes—and on the part of the workers. We have vehement protests about the "unreasonable" and "blackmailing" demands of the workers, and we have equally vehement accusations about the stony-hearted exploiters of labour who raise laments on the prospect of being deprived of even a part of the gains which might breed more money in the black market or the stock exchange.

Do we not need a timely reminder that we are in for inflation, that strikes are an inevitable symptom of a more deeply rooted malady, and whilst we make so much fuss about unreasonable strikers and unreasonable employers, we are complacent about the greater evil that works its way in the body politic and will bring ultimate disaster for the country as a whole? What are our leaders and the Government doing to provide against this approaching disaster? Their attention is absorbed in experimenting on constitution making, trying to work an unworkable scheme, whilst economic disaster threatens the very life blood of the country.

Rising prices are always accompanied by a demand for a rise in wages. When the demand is granted the money wages tend to raise prices still further, with an increasing demand for more wages. The superfluous money in the hands of war profiteers tends to inflate prices still further by operations in the black market and in the stock exchanges. Price control in India is a farcical remedy and has failed disastrously; bribery and corruption corrode the morale of the population and destroy the roots of confidence and such reluctant co-operation as the public might give. Government follow the short-sighted policy of floating loans at rates which might enable them to cover their sins by the alleged excuse of relieving the tax payer by a crore or two. They help the inflation by diverting the surplus money into speculative transactions and the black market. While our leaders talk of non-violence, they tolerate and look on with indifference to a more insidious form of violence amongst their people, a violence to conscience and to all sense of decency which threatens to undermine the very foundations of the social structure.

P. A. WADIA.

Housing Shortage

Sir,—No doubt the authorities concerned are doing their best to solve the problem of housing shortage in the city and its suburbs. In this connection, may I invite their attention to the need for the construction of upper floors on leasehold plots in several parts of the city and in some of the suburbs? Lamington Road North, for instance, with a width of as many as 80 feet and an additional 20 feet of the open compounds of the buildings on either side seems to be an ideal locality where the putting up of additional floors may well be permitted, and even encouraged, without harm to hygienic or sanitary conditions. So are Gamdevi and the suburbs from Bandra to Andheri. At present, while buildings on the Marine Drive and Church Gate reclamations, and even on the southern part of Lamington Road, are allowed to run up to 4 p c. 5 floors those on the northern part of Lamington Road, Gamdevi and the suburbs named above are restricted to one and two floors only.

A step like the one suggested above will go a great way towards relieving congestion and will substantially mitigate the illegal practice of pugree.

A RESIDENT OF LAMINGTON ROAD.

Gandhiji And Caste

Sir,—One is delighted to find Mahatma Gandhi daily coming nearer and nearer the root cause of India's disunity and slavery. In 1921, he believed in birth-determined caste. But now he has changed so much as to advise the caste-Hindu girls to marry untouchable young-men. I thank Mahatmaji for this change in his views. But let me tell him that this is not the proper way to grapple with the demon of caste. He must attack the caste system direct and with full force, otherwise a few inter-caste marriages between the untouchables and the caste Hindus contracted under his advice will serve only as exceptions and isolated examples. Such examples are not wanting even now. I know four or five cases in which caste Hindu girls have married untouchable youngmen. What is needed is to remove the cause, which prevents such inter-caste marriages and people will cease to hesitate in this matter. It is wrong to think that caste is only a social problem of the Hindus. It is a political problem of the whole of India. In the presence of caste, the independence of India will culminate into an oligarchy.

SANT RAM,
Jat Pat Torak Mandal,
Lahore.

Requisition Of New Buildings

Sir,—It is found that some of the private enterprizers who have recently started construction of new buildings, have been served with a notice not to

(Continued in Col. 3.)

THE LITTLE MACHINE WITH A BIG FUTURE

That is how the Investa Brick Making Machine was certified by the Concrete Association of India.

It is an appropriate description as the Machine is simple, hand-operated and easily portable, and yet three workers can make 600/800 bricks per day on the machine.

INVESTA

MACHINE TOOLS & ENGINEERING CO. LTD.

EWART HOUSE, BRUCE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

KRISHNA MENON AS AMBASSADOR

Indian Nationals Overseas Congress Leader's Suggestion

LONDON, Sept. 11 (Reuter): Mr. P. D. Saggi, President of the Indian Nationals Overseas Congress, who recently arrived in London stated today: "We feel that Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, General Secretary of the India League, who has been here a long time and done great deal to further India's independence, will be the first Indian Ambassador in London", says Ronald Bedford, Reuter's special correspondent.

Mr. Saggi, accompanied by Mr. M. M. Singh, is here to study the activities of Indians overseas. Mr. Singh will concentrate on commercial aspects of this work, while Mr. Saggi devotes his energies to the cultural and political aspect.

WORK FOR INDIANS OVERSEAS

"Our organisation is a non-official body but it has the support of Pandit Nehru and other Indian leaders", he told me. "We are concerning ourselves with Indians overseas and our aim is to study their disadvantages and disabilities and do everything possible to remedy them. In this respect we are naturally looking forward to the appointment of an Indian Ambassador in London."

Mr. Saggi said that more than a lakh of rupees would be spent on propaganda on behalf of Indians in this country. "We shall work in close co-operation with the India League. We are not in competition with them. Our work is devoted to the interests of Indians overseas and delegations will be sent from this country to the United States, South Africa and other parts of the world where Indians live. One of the first things we intend to do is to start a journal entitled "Indian Outlook."

The overseas Congress stands for retention of contact between Britain and an Independent India. Now that India is at the gates of a new era, we want to promote better understanding between Indians and the rest of the world."

EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS

Legal Committee Rejects Australia's Plea

PARIS, Sept. 11. (Reuter): Australia's proposal to set an European Court of Human Rights was ruled as outside the competence of the Paris Conference by the Legal and Drafting Committee today after two days' debate on its legal merits.

The proposal, which is common to all the five treaties, has still to be discussed by the Committees concerned, but today's ruling is expected to serve as a precedent.

The committee voted by 14 to 2 (Australia and New Zealand) with the Soviet Union. White Russia, the Ukraine, Poland and Greece abstaining on the Belgian resolution recommending non-acceptance of the Australian proposals on the ground that they were a matter for the United Nations and that there was no authority in international law for enforcing the decisions of such a court.

The Italian Political and Territorial Committee today heard an appeal from Yugoslavia that the Big Four decision to give Gorizia, the second largest town of Venezia, to Italy should be reversed. M. Ales Bebler asserted that Gorizia was a centre of the Slovene area on which it was dependent. He was supported by the Czechoslavakia, Gneral Pika, who said he had lived in Gorizia himself and could vouch for this.

BI-PARTY TALKS ON TRIESTE

(Reuter's diplomatic correspondent in Paris said today that there are growing signs that Yugoslavia is attempting direct negotiations with Italy for a settlement of Trieste and other frontier problems).

The Military Committee disposed of three articles in the Rumanian Treaty in as many minutes. They laid down the permitted strength of the Rumanian armed forces, ordered excess to be disbanded within six months and forbade military training outside the permitted armed forces.

The committee decided to hear the views of the Italian delegation tomorrow on the military clauses of the draft treaty.

RAJEN BABU TO VISIT COCHIN

MADRAS, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): Dr. Rajendra Prasad Member for Food and Agriculture in the Interim Government, has programmed to visit Cochin by air on October 12 from Madras says a Cochin message. The object of the visit, it is understood, is to acquaint himself with the food position in Cochin and find out if any further assistance could be given to Cochin.

He will proceed from Cochin to Trivandrum the next day.

(Continued from Col 2)

let the premises without the consent of the Government under the Defence of India Rules.

It is surprising that even after the termination of war, this sort of harassment in the guise of D. I. R. is still in force and the same is to be extended. If the Government wish to solve the problem of overcrowding, they must encourage the private and the public enterprizers to build as many new buildings as possible by providing them all sorts of facilities in procuring the necessary materials at cheaper rates.

If the Government is afraid of losing accommodation for their Essential Services, they can very well utilize the structures erected by the Military Authorities throughout the length and breadth of this city. But must pay goodbye to D. I. R. so that new buildings may spring up and the acuteness in housing accommodation may be relieved to some extent atleast.

V. K. CHHAPIA & CO.,
Architects & Engineers,
Bombay.

RELIEF WORK IN SCARCITY AREAS

Committee To Inquire Into Activities Of Land Improvement Dept.

(From Our Special Representative).

POONA, Sept. 11.—I understand that the Government of Bombay has appointed a Committee to inquire into the working of the Land Improvement Department created three years ago to carry out contour bunding, contour trenching and other land improvement works in the District of Bijapur and other scarcity areas of the Province. The Committee has also been asked to submit schemes to introduce improved dry farming methods in the scarcity areas.

The Committee will be called the Land Improvement Inquiry Committee and consists of the following persons: Mr. V. S. Bhide, Commissioner Southern Division, Chairman; Prof. N. V. Kanitkar, Retired Soil Physicist to Government of Bombay; Mr. W. X. Mascarenhas, Joint Secretary Reconstruction Department, Government of Bombay; Mr. V. L. Pavte, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Bombaq Presidency and the Prime Minister of Aundh State as Members.

Recently there has been a large number of complaints against the working of the Land Improvement Department both in regard to procedure adopted as well as the actual technique of bunding followed.

It may be remembered that following the famine in the Bijapur District in 1943 this Department was set up chiefly to undertake bunding operations in the District. A crore and twenty lakhs of rupees have been spent on the project so far and there have been complaints from the districts that the operations have proved largely infructuous. It would appear that when two of the Ministers of the Bombay Cabinet visited the area some time ago they were shown that some of the bunding undertaken on the soft black cotton soil had been largely washed away by rains. There are also complaints of wasteful methods.

One of the local leaders whom I questioned on the subject, gave me an instance of such methods. It appears that once the Governor of Bombay visited the area and seeing some of the workers exposed to the scorching heat of the sun, asked if some protection could not be provided to them. Acting on this gubernatorial sympathy work was started to give shade to workers. In that attempt matting worth three lakhs of rupees was ordered! There are not only allegations of wastefulness, but even corruption has been hinted at.

The present Committee is charged with the task of examining the whole question both on the technical and procedural side not only in Bijapur, but in the whole province. The Committee has also to suggest necessary modification in land improvement methods. They have also to make recommendations regarding a simpler and more democratic procedure. They have been asked to report within two months.

SUBSIDIZATION IN TEXTILES?

Industries Committee's "No" To Govt.

BOMBAY, Wednesday: It is understood that the Industries Committee of the Textile Control Board has informed the Government of India that it is not agreeable to the latter's suggestion that the coarse cloth industry should be subsidised by finer varieties. The committee, it is learnt, is opposed to the principle of one part of the textile industry being subsidised by the other.

In a communication the committee, is reported to have explained to the Government of India by how much the prices of textiles have gone up in other countries such as Britain and the U. S. and stressed the importance of meeting the coarse cloth industry's demand to increase the price of coarse cloth, in view of the rise in cotton price and labour cost.

The committee is reported to be of opinion that by granting the increase asked for the consumer would not have to pay much, as was feared by Government at one time. The committee feels that in view of the introduction of the 48-hour-week, there will be a reduction of ten per cent in the total production of cloth in this country. Consequently, the 'per capita' allotment of cloth owuld also be cut correspondingly. Of this reduced allotment, the quantity of coarse cloth purchased by every consumer would be about five to six yards resulting in an extra cost of about 2-1/2 to 3 annas in a yard This the committee seems to feel is not a heavy burden on each consumer. The committee is reported to have advised the Government of India that they should control the prices of handloom cloth if inflation is to be effectively checked. It is also understood to have advised Government to introduce a better cloth distribution system.

N. M. JOSHI ON WAY TO END S. I. R. STRIKE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): Mr. N. M. Joshi, General Secretary, All-India Trade Union Congress, in a statement on the S. I. R. strike says: "I have suggested to the Government of India to send immediately to Madras Mr. S. C. Joshi, the Chief Conciliation Officer, for the settlement of the strike. I have absolutely no doubt that the intervention of the Conciliation Officer will succeed. I wish the Government of India realises the undesirability of the policy of "a fight to the finish" with their own employees.

CANADIAN WHEAT IN BHAVNAGAR PORT

RAJKOT, Sept. 11 (A.P.I.): Ten thousand tons of Canadian wheat has recently arrived and the steamer carrying the cargo is lying at anchor at the new Bhavnagar port.

DISSOLUTION, NO SOLUTION

Sidhwa Advocates All-Party Ministry As Way Out Of Sind Deadlock

KARACHI, Sept. 11 (API).—The formation of an All-Party Government as the best solution to the Constitutional deadlock in Sind was suggested by Mr. R. K. Sidhwa (M.L.A.), Secretary of the Sind Coalition (Opposition) Party.

Mr. Sidhwa said: "The Governor of Sind who is the guiding factor and the man behind the scene with great influence over premier Mr Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, can easily bring about such a Ministry."

He added: "Dissolution may be a remedy, but it will not serve the purpose. Let people say anything: fresh election will not bring about any substantial change in the composition of the House or its personnel. It is, therefore, impolitic and inadvisable to ask for the dissolution of the Assembly within six months after the (general) elections. It would simply mean a waste of several lakhs of rupees for a new election without any effective results or substantial alteration in the position. If, however, the Governor is not for an All-Party Government, he has then no other alternative but to call upon the Leader of the Opposition to shoulder the responsibility of forming the Ministry."

OUTRAGE ON PUBLIC OPINION

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, former member of the Congress Working Committee, in a statement to the 'United Press of India' says: "Ministerial politics in Sind have many peculiar features, but none probably so unfortunate and objectionable as the partisanship of the present Governor and the three European members. Strict neutrality is the least that can be expected of them on the eve of, on one hand the transfer of power to the Indian people and on the other the commencement of the Direct Action by the Muslim League against the British Government and the Congress. The unbreakable alliance of the British element in Sind with a party which is in minority and also on the war path apparently against the British Government is very significant. This alliance is an outrage on public opinion in India and ought to be an outrage on public opinion in England itself."

CABINET RESHUFFLE

The Premier of Sind, Mr. Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, has convened a meeting of the League Assembly Party tomorrow to consider filling up the vacancies caused by the resignation of four Ministers on September 10, says the Associated Press of India.

MUDIE CONSIDERING SITUATION

KARACHI Sept. 11, (API): The Governor of Sind in a communication to Mr. G. M. Syed, Leader of the Sind Coalition Party says that he is considering the political situation created particularly after the resignation of Deputy Speaker, Miss Jethi Sipahimalani yesterday.

One Shot Dead In Highway Robbery

KARACHI, Sept. 11, (API). One person was shot dead and two others were seriously wounded in a highway robbery reported from a village near Shikarpur yesterday.

AIRBORNE COMPLETES GRAND DOUBLE

Three-Year-Old Colt Makes History At World's Oldest Classic

DONCASTER, Sept. 11 (Reuter): Mr. J. J. Ferguson's grey colt, Airborne, winner of the Derby, completed the double by winning the Saint Leger, the final English classic and the most valuable race of the season, over a mile and three-quarters. Airborne which is by precipitation out of Bouquet beat his stable companion. Murren owned by Sqadron Leader Stanhope Joel by one and a half lengths, Lord Astor's Fast And Fair was third, a further three lengths away.

The result was a triumph for the jockey and the trainer since Tommy Lowrey had ridden the winner last year and trainer Dick Perryman followed last year's victory by training the winner and the second to-day.

Airborne, purchased by Ferguson Head of a London plastic business for 3,300 guineas as an yearling, was the first Derby winner to win the Saint Leger since the famous Bahram was successful in 1935 and was also the first Leger favourite to win since Bahram. From stands packed more densely than ever before in the history of the world's oldest classic, Airborne was cheered to an echo by a crowd estimated at a quarter million as he confirmed his superiority over his rivals in magnificent style.

Making his challenge on the outside about three furlongs from home, Airborne passed Gulf Stream who had finished second in the Derby and raced ahead. Holding off the late challenges of Murren and Fast And Fair he won a great race Gulf Stream had been with the leaders early on and moved into second place after half a mile but dropped back on approaching the straight where Anwar took up the running and led Airborne and White Jacket which was the hope of the North and Gulf Stream. Gulf Stream cracked up and dropped into fourth place Marcel Boussac's French challenger Nirgal, found the race too gruelling and tired in the last six furlongs to finish sixth. Baron de Rothschild's Caracalla went lame at the post and was withdrawn before coming under the starter's orders.

BEST THREE-YEAR-OLD

"I have always maintained that Airborne is the best three-year-old", said trainer Perryman "and he proved it to-day. His success was just as I anticipated."

To-day's prize for the winner was 9,750 sterling and Airborne now has won 20,345 in stake money.

Mr. Ferguson said, "I always had faith in Airborne even after the dead heat at New Market. He ran a great race to-day." Ferguson said he intends to keep Airborne in training next season and hopes to win the Gold Cup. Billy Nevett was very thus appointed with the running of White Jacket on which plenty of last-minute money went. "He was struck into but that didn't make much difference", said Nevett.

PANIC IN STAND

Panic was narrowly averted just before the start as some of the crowd on the temporarily erected stand on top of the grand stand proper slipped and pushed forward some of those in front of them. Thanks to the forethought of a man shouting, "Don't panic the stand is safe", the crowd was prevented from trying to leave the structure.

There was a pre-race wrangle regarding the jockey of Anwar. Charlie Smirke, originally engaged to ride, protested to the stewards when Gordon Richards was given the mount after Edward Tudor's scratching. Smirke said: "Prince Aly Khan told me to see Richards. I did so and asked Gordon if he would abide by the toss of the coin but he refused." The stewards decided that Richards should ride.

Doncaster's accommodation was taxed to capacity and prices soared, some paying three sterling for a night's lodging The crowd included a large percentage of 60,000 miners and 40 000 factory workers who are on holiday in the district. Coaches, buses and cars converged upon the town moor from all angles and approaches were blocked. All Yorkshire seemed to have turned out for the race which was run in its traditional setting for the first time since 1938.

"PROMISE-MATCH" WITH NELSON

LONDON, Sept. 10 Reuter): Vijay Merchant heads the final list of Indian batting overages with 74 53; Hazare is the runnerup with 49 77 and Paraudi, third with 46.71.

Vinoo Mankad had the best bowling average—30 76 Hazare, second, had 34 75 and Sarwate, third, had the average of 25.27

A number of Indian players including Amarnath are travelling to Nelson to-morrow to fulfil a promise to play a match there. Amarnath was a professional in Nelson last year and there is talk of his going back there next year.

The touring party will leave London to-morrow.

Shipping difficulty the Indians are facing for their return home is still not solved and there is no sign of a convenient boat. The boat in which they had passages booked was cancelled. The team is not expected to fly home

Sheikh Abdullah's Counsel To Appeal To High Court

SRINAGAR, Sept. 11, (UPI.) The United Press of India" understands that Pandit Jailal Kilam, Counsel for Sheikh Abdullah, who was yesterday sentenced to three years' simple imprisonment under each of the three counts under Section 124-A of the Ranbir Penal Code, is going to appeal to the High Court against the conviction. Accordingly it is learnt that he has requested the District Magistrate of Srinagar to allow him to see Sheikh Abdullah.

It is also learnt that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has been informed about the whole situation.

"KASHMIR PEOPLE WILL ACCEPT CHALLENGE"

"This sentence is passed on the entire people of Kashmir and they will be glad to accept the challenge," says Bakshi Ghulam Mohamad, Acting President of the All-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference, commenting on the sentence passed on Sheikh Abdullah

"This is my daily beauty routine with Lux Toilet Soap" — Ramola
LUX TOILET SOAP
I WORK UP A GENEROUS LATHER WITH LUX TOILET SOAP AND GENTLY PAT IT INTO THE SKIN—
THEN I RINSE AWAY THE LATHER WITH CLEAR, COOL WATER—
FINALLY, I GENTLY PAT MY FACE DRY WITH A SOFT TOWEL
The Beauty Soap of the Film-Stars

Why not give your skin new loveliness? Try Ramola's simple beauty treatment for 30 days — you'll be delighted with Lux Toilet Soap's cleansing, stimulating effect. Its fragrant, active lather will leave your skin soft, sweet and velvet-smooth. It's the beauty soap of the film stars — let it care for your precious complexion too.

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Share Bazar Rules Steady After Opening Decline

Steel Dfds., Dyeings And Kohinoors In Demand

COTTON MARKET FINDS SHORT COVERING SUPPORT

Bullion Market Steady With Moderate Turnover

Bombay, Sept. 11.

The Share Bazar opened quiet today but ruled steady under moderate buying. It appears that professional operators are again supporting the market and particularly Steel and Kohinoor shares remain in good demand.

The market opinion is divided. After the recent heavy decline some believe that the main trend has turned downward while others still rely on abundant supply of cheap money and look for eventual recovery to old levels.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 3115 and improved at Rs. 3130. Reacted at Rs. 3125 and hardened at Rs. 3130 when some selling appeared and declined to Rs. 3117. This drop attracted active support and covering which hardened Defds at Rs. 3160 but steadied at Rs. 3147. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 555 and advanced at Rs. 563. After reacting at Rs. 561 hardened at Rs. 565 but reacted at Rs. 560.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 3030 and advanced at Rs. 3050 to react at Rs. 3045. Again hardened at Rs. 3065 and steadied at Rs. 3047. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 1020 and soon rose at Rs. 1050 but declined at Rs. 1044 and after improving at Rs. 1055 steadied at Rs. 1048. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 465 and after advancing at Rs. 470 steadied at Rs. 468. Nagpurs were placed at Rs. 456. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 805 and after advancing at Rs. 828 steadied at Rs. 825. Edwards were quoted at Rs. 825. Indores were steady at Rs. 880 after opening at Rs. 860. Bengal Steels were placed at Rs. 53/2 and Indian Irons were done at Rs. 59/15. Scindia shares were steady at Rs. 51/8 after advancing at Rs. 52.

The market closed at 1-30 p. m. with a steady tone. Tata Steel Defds closed at Rs. 3157. Ordinary at Rs. 561. Bombay Dyeings at Rs. 3055, Kohinoor Rs. 1050, Simplex Rs. 470 and Swadeshi Rs. 825. Bank shares were steady and Centrals were done at Rs. 136 while India Banks were done at Rs. 256. Associated Cements closed at Rs. 249/8 and Scindia shares at Rs. 51/6.

COTTON MILLS

Bombay Dyeing 3055 Century 1300 Nagpur 454 Swadeshi 825 New Great 534 Simplex 470 Kohinoor 1050 Colaba 497/8 Gokak 442 Phoenix 1400 Mysore 360 Indian Bleaching 220 Swan 449 Finlay 438 Morarji 900 Indore 880

STEEL

Tata Steel Deferre d(129/8/9) X D 3157/8 Tata Steel Ordinary (23) XD 561

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 219 Andhra Valley 1960 Tata Power 1555 Tram (Old) 141/4

CEMENT

Asso. Merger 249/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 722/8 Alcock 6 1/4 Bellapur 921 Shivrajpur 55 Steamer (Ord) 737/8 Scindia 51/6 Premier Construction 328

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE)

Apollo 5/11 Elphinstone 112 India United (Ord) 25/7 India United (Defd) 5/7 India Manufacturing 5150 Koorla 407/8 Khatau 487/8 Dawn 1590 David 240 New City 285 Minerva 280 Bradbury 607/8 Bharucha (Dfd) 15 Bharat 72/4 Madhavji 26 Model 315/10 Laxmi 1975 Vishnu 705 Western 5000 Standard 710 Sholapur 10,000 Sassoon Cotton 39 Hindustan 5200 Meyer 356/4 Edward 815 Tata 124/8 Ahmedabad Advance 545 Sassoon Silk 14b New Union 30 Podar 365 Madhusudan 580 Madhusudan B 120 Srinivas 537/8 Raja Bahadur 170 Berar 500 Victoria 425

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 212/8 (New) 126/4 Surat (Ord) 258/12 (New) Karachi 240 Broach 14 Ajmer 16/8 Amalgamated 20/12 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 305 Bombay Suburban 240 Bombay Suburbn (New) 160.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 159 Imperial 2920 P. P. 712/8 Central 136 India 256 Union 17/8 Baroda 201 Habib 165/8 ABC 58 Jaina Bank 74 United Commercial 120 Jaipur 85 Hindustan Commercial 66 National Savings (fully paid) 91 National Savings (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord) X R 70 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 8475 Empire 1380 New India 108 Jupiter 50 Vulcan 21 Indian Mercantile 86 Universal Fire 23/8 Vasant 26/4 British India General 33 Industrial Prudential 66 Neptune 14 New Great 43 All-India General 63.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 695 C. P. 107 Pacnora 95.

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 265 Burma Petrol 6/8 Tata Oil XR 123/8 Port Canning 116 Kemp 550 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Radio (Ord) 395 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 135/8 Wimco 600 Tata Chemical 26/8 Dharamsey Chemical 49 Mukund Iron 15/6 Dena Trust 26/3 Alembic 408/12 Supreme India 228 (New) 180 Jamwire 160 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchandnagar Industries 555 United Motor 66 A. C. C. New 131/8 Baroda Glass 10/14.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 272/8 Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 185 Tram 59/8 Andhra Valley 1740 Tata Power 1810 Hydro 171/4 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 802/8 Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810 Laxmi 318/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 117 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 146/4 Bradbury 591/4 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12 (2nd Pref) 150 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 147/8 Walchandnagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 60/5 Bengal Steel 53/6 Indian Copper 5/12 B.I.C. 15/14 Burma Corporation 7/6 New Victoria 11/4 New Victoria Preference 12/3 Raja Preference 58 Phelton 155 Gold Mohar 490 New Kaiser Hind 580 Sajjan Mill 500 Osmanshahi 445 Ajamshahi 465 Air Service 39 Birla Motors 12/7 Marshal 14.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

The Bullion Market was steady today with a moderate turnover. There is utter absence of any important selling and the recent improvement in Gold is well maintained.

Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 164/2 and under scattered selling declined at Rs. 163/12 but under renewed buying improved at Rs. 164/6 and steadied at Rs. 164/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 165/8.

Gold opened at Rs. 99/8 and advanced at Rs. 100/2. At this level there was some realising and the market steadied at Rs. 99/12. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 100/8 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 70/8.

Later on there was scattered realising and Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 164 while Forward Gold was quiet at Rs. 99/5

The market finally closed as under:

SILVER	
Ready	165 6 0
Settlement	164 2 0
GOLD	
Ready	100 1 0
Settlement	99 5 0
Sovereigns	70 8 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

The local Cotton Market opened steady today but under scattered selling ruled quiet. Later on there was some short covering. The market tendency is lower and there is more disposition to sell on advances.

January delivery opened today at Rs. 446/8 against expected opening at Rs. 445 and declined at Rs. 444/8 but thereafter steadied on short covering and January was quoted at Rs. 445/8. September delivery was quoted at Rs. 423/8 while March stood at Rs. 452.

Thereafter there was further scattered buying and January improved at Rs. 446/4.

January delivery improved at Rs. 447 but at this level there appeared some realising and the market closed at 3-30 p.m. as under:

I. C. C. September	422 8 0
I. C. C. January	445 12 0
I. C. C. March	453 8 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1844 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

BOMBAY PRODUCE

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

The local produce market was steady today with short covering. Some export business with Britain is reported in Castorseeds and Tilseed.

Groundnuts New Crop November December business was done at Rs. 19/12. Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 24/6 Linseed September November opened at Rs. 24/2 and improved at Rs. 24/6. Tilseeds were quoted at Rs. 33/10. Groundnut oil Bombay Mills was quoted at Rs. 16 and upcountry mills quotation was Rs. 14/4.

Drop On New York Stock Exchange

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, (A. P. A.): The New York Stock market, after seesawing most of the day yesterday, again dropped to a new low for the past 18 months as late and heavy selling hit all departments.

Leaders toppled one to 12 dollars a share. The ticker was late three times during the session, once the first hour when an attempt at recovery was made, again around noon as a burst of offerings flooded the exchange and in the final half hour when accounts were dumped over a broad area.

Some issues reduced extreme losses, and a few issues advanced, but numerous pivotals closed at their bottom levels. More than 3,000,000 shares were traded.

The stock market's summer decline reduced the value of all shares more than dol. 17,000,000,000.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

MILLS

Apollo 5/9 5/8 5/10 5/10/6 5/11 Bharat 73 72 72/4 B. Dyeing 3030 50 45 60 40 65 40 65 55 65 55 Bradbury (Ord) 607/8 Central India (Ord) 455 56 53 56 54 58 53 54 Central India (Pref) 802/8 Edward 800 825 15 Elphinstone (Ord) 110 12 Elphinstone (Pref) 146/4 Finlay 425 30 26 34 32 38 32 40 38 39 30 38 Gokak 440 36 50 42 46 44 47 40 45 42 India United (Defd.) 5/4 5/7 5/6 5/7 5/6/6 5/7 India United (Pref) 25/2 25 25/8 25/4 25/12 25/7 25/11 25/6 25/10 Indore 860 50 80 72/8 80 75 80 Kohinoor 1020 42 35 50 44 55 48 51 47 52 50 Lakshmi 2000 1975 Meyer 350 47/8 55 52/8 56/4 Model 315/10 Morarjee 890 900 New City 285 New Great 520 25 22 36 34 Poddar 370 65 Sassoon Silk 145 Sassoon Cotton 38/8 39/12 39 Shrinivas 535 37/8 Simplex 465 60 70 67 69 68 70 Swadeshi 805 20 15 28 19 27 25 Swan 445 50 49 Tata Mills 120 24/8 Vishnu 715 5

BANKS

Baroda 201 Central 134 33 36 Exchange 70 71 70 Habib 165/8 Imperial (Old) 2910, 15 5 20 10 20 Imperial (New) 712/8 India 256 Reserve 158 59 Union 18 17/12 United Commercial 120 19 20

ELECT. COS.

Ahmedabad 212/8 Andhra Valley (Ord) 1950 65 52/8 60 Tram (Ord) 140/8 41/8 41 41/8 41/4 Tram (Pref) 58/8 59/8 B Suburban 240 Surat 258/12 Hydro (Ord) 218 20 18 19 Hydro (Pref) 171/4 Power (Ord) 1940 45 55

INSURANCE COS.

Jupiter 50 New India 109 7/8 10 6 Vulcan 21 Bombay Steam 732/8 43/12 37/8 Scindia 51/8 51/4 52 51/4 51/12 51/6 Bengal Steel 53/2 53 53/6 52/14 53/6 Indian Iron 60 59/10 59/14 59/8 60/5 Tata Steel Defd 3115 30 25 30 17/8 40 30 50 40 60 42/8 55 50 60 57/8 Tata Steel Ord 555 63 61 65 61 65 60 62 60/8 62 61 Tata Steel 2nd Pref 183,85

MISCELLANEOUS COS.

Alcock 647/8 43/12 51/4 50 51/4 A. Cement 247 50 48 49/8 Belapur 320 17 22 19 21 20 20/8 Burmah (Old) 720 35 22/8 27/8 25 35 22/8 Burmah (New) 265 67/8 65 B. B. Petrol 6/4 6/8 6/7/6 6/8 I. Bleaching 212 22 16 20 I. I. Trust 135/8 P. Construction (Ord) 318 24 23 Shivrajpur 55/8 56 54/8 55 Tata Chemical (Ord) 26 26/4 26 26/6 Western India Match 605 596/4 600 590 600 New Union Mills 30 29/8 30 Kemp Co 537/8 50 A. Cement (New) 130/8 32 31/8 Zandu 202/8 (Ex. Div).

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 10.

October	35.85—71
October highest	36.54—62
October lowest	35.75—81
December	35.80—75
January	35.58—74
March	35.45—81
May	35.15—88
July	34.53—108
October	32.88—92
Middling Spot	36.75—67

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 10.

October	35.58—92
December	35.55—105
March	35.40—95
May	35.16—84
July	34.56—101
Middling Spot	35.85—75

LONDON BULLION.

London, Sept. 10.

Silver Spot and Forward 55-1/2 d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Sept. 10.

Australian Wheat (bulk) 71 Sept./Oct. quoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept. 10.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c nominal	74
Consols 2-1/2 p c	97-3/16
Conversion Loan 3, 1/2 p c 1961	111-9/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	107-3/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	119-1/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	119-1/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-11/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Banks (London Regd.)	86
National Bank of India	37-3/4

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, Sept. 10.

United States price of Foreign Silver 90-1/8 cents.

Bhabha To Consider U. S. Trade Proposals

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10, (U. P. I.): A meeting of the Trade Policy Committee has been called on September 19 and 20 to consider the United States Government's proposals for the expansion of world trade and employment. The Hon. Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Minister for Commerce in the Interim Government, will preside over the meeting, which will be attended by representatives of trade, industry and labour interests.

NEED TO CHECK EXPANSIONIST POLICY OF RUSSIA

Sir Homi Mody On Menace Of Communism

BOMBAY, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): The need for checking the present expansionist policy of Soviet Russia and the adoption of measures by Western Democracies towards this end was emphasised by Sir Homi Mody, President of the Indian Council of World Affairs, when he addressed the Bombay Rotary Club this evening.

Sir Homi Mody referred to the differences of opinion among the various powers in the Paris Peace Conference and the concessions made to the power who started the trouble and said that there should be an end to the policy of appeasement.

Sir Homi said: "If we are to survive, if we are to create a world of our own, it is necessary that democracies should become a living aggressive force. Let it not be forgotten that Communism, no matter where it is, no matter in what line it works, speaks with one voice. Its diplomacy follows a set pattern and the iron discipline gives it tremendous strength. Such a challenge can be met only by a determination equally strong. If a new alignment were to become necessary, it is obvious that the United States and Gret Britain will have a greater part than others to play. Their first business must be to bring together all those nations whose liberties have been threatened. This is only one part of it. They must also see that today what is known as Colonial Empire is enabled to reach its stature of manhood and the vast possessions of South-East Asia no longer remain as Dominions or dependencies. These must be enabled to achieve their self-Government. It is an exploded theory that dependent countries are economic assets. Whatever initial advantages there may be to the power that holds them in the long run they turn out to be illusory and so far as military aspect of it is concerned, the dependencies are always a source of weakness, as has been amply demonstrated when Japan overran South-East Asia countries.

IN CHINA & JAPAN

Stressing the importance of saving both Japan and China from coming under the influence of Communism, Sir Homi Mody referred to the recent speech of Gen. MacArthur and said: "General MacArthur confessed a feeling of frustration after one year of American occupation. This may or may not be true. But, at any rate, Japan at all costs must be saved from coming under the Communist influence. The case of China seems to me to be even more difficult. The situation in China is developing into rather a dangerous fashion and unless the National Government is able to hold its own, stamp out corruption, inefficiency and weakness which always develop when a nation's energies are diverted to the task of defending itself, the Communist forces which are strongly entrenched there with its powerful backing might engulf the whole of China and some day such a development would be a major calamity for the world.

Describing the measures that should be taken to meet the Communist threat, Sir Homi said that political liberty alone would not suffice. Without economic security, political liberty he said, might not reach much. He felt that the economic resources of all the countries of the world must be pooled to provide a higher standard of life for the people.'

Apart from this, he added there was another problem which was more insistent and had to be tackled. That was to bring adequate relief to those countries both in the West and East who have been badly affected in this war.

Sir Homi then described how Russia had brought within her orbit the whole of Eastern Europe, had taken Manchuria, divided China and said "it was now busy trying to terrorise Iran and Turkey. Thus Moscow had become a big factor in the international situation and the sooner it is recognised the better for the world."

Sir Homi continued: "There is no hostility to Russia in India. The Russians are welcome to their way of life so long as they do not encroach upon other people's business."

Sir Francis Low, editor of the "Times of India", thanked Sir Homi for his address and said it was especially important at a time like this when India was emerging with her own Government in the field of international affairs. Public opinion in this country he said must be formed on such vital matters because on that public opinion the voice of India must be based. It was only by a frank and free discussion and by an address of the type made by Sir Homi public opinion could be formed he said.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for the week ended the 6th day of September.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	48,46,85,000
Notes in circulation	12,07,79,81,000
Total Notes issued	12,56,26,66,000
Total Liabilities	12,56,26,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.909 per cent.	

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
(b) Held outside India	..
Sterling Securities	11,35,32,89,000
Total of A	11,79,74,34,000
Rupee Coin	18,68,22,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,10,00
Total Assets	12,56,26,66,000

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Funds	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	4,89,48,19,000
(2) Government of Burma	69,19,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	22,28,65,000
(b) Banks	83,21,68,000
(c) Others	3,72,03,000
Bills Payable	6,17,02,000
Other Liabilities	6,97,37,000
Rupees	6,29,54,13,000

ASSETS	Rs
Notes	48,46,85,000
Rupee Coin	26,30,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,93,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	..
(b) External	..
(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,78,11,000
Balances held abroad	5,39,06,36,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Other Loans and Advances	5 48 25 000
Investments	16,03 55,000
Other Assets	17,42 78,000
Rupees	6,29,54,13,000

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The day has been one of considerable ups and downs but the market was definitely steadier towards the close under the lead of the mining groups—Kaffirs in particular. Some of the more active and sounder issues recorded net gains on the day. Gilteedgeds were resistent throughout both in price movements and general sentiment and finished with net gains up to one-eight.

International dollar stocks also tended to be firmer but there was little activity and dealers preferred to await the opening of Wall Street. In this connection, the market is of the opinion that official intervention is likely in the present American shipping strike.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. 1/5 15/16
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th month
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 3/4.
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2 not under L/C.
Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 333.
Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/4.
Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/4.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3550.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. ——.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D D. Rs. 157.

CROSS RATE.

New York/London doi. 4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.
London/Hongkong 1/2 13/16-1/3 3/32.
London/Singapore 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.
London/Paris Fcs. 479.70-480.30
London/Belgium Fcs 176 1/2-3/4
London/Switzerland Fcs. 17-34-36
London/Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50.
London/Denmark Kr. 19.32-36.
London/New York doi. 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2.
London/Montreal doi. 4.02-4.04.
London/Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70.
London/Java Fl. 7.58-62.
London/Bangkok Tcl 40.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold London £8.12-3.
Gold New York dol. 35
Silver London 55.1/2.
Silver New York 90.1/8.
London Discts. 3 months 17/32 p c.
London Discts. 6 months 9/16-5/8 p c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money:—Call 1/4 p c. 3 months 1/2 p c. 6 months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1 1/4 p c.
Tone:—Steady.

DISPOSALS

AUCTION PROGRAMME FOR SEPTEMBER, 1946.

PLACE & AUCTIONEER	DATE & TIME	TYPE OF MATERIAL
S.T.D. Trichy. (M/s. Murray & Co., Madras)	16/9/46. at 10 a.m.	Salvage Stores
S.S.D. Almadi (Near Avadi) Madras. (M/s. Chari & Co., Madras)	16 and 18/9/46. at 10 a.m.	Salvage Stores
S.S.D. Coimbatore (M/s. Murray & Co., Madras)	17/9/46. at 10 a.m.	Salvage Stores
M.T.B. Depot. Agram, Bangalore. (M/s. Murray & Co., Madras).	23 and 24/9/46 at 10 a.m.	Chev. Ford and other make vehicles 3 ton, 30 cwt 15 cwt, Jeeps, Motor Cycles, M. T. Parts, etc.
S.T.D. Vizagapatam. (M/s. Frank Abraham, Bangalore).	26/9/46, at 10 a.m.	Salvage Stores

Further details regarding these auctions can be had from the auctioneers.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS (SOUTHERN CIRCLE)

Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tel: 30041 (5 lines)

DS/109

Messrs. READE BROTHERS & CO. LTD.

Manufacturing Chemists

WOLVERHAMPTON, ENGLAND

makers of

PHARMACEUTICALS, TOILET REQUISITES, HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES

are pleased to announce that they have appointed as *Sole Representatives*

caprihans (INDIA) LTD.

RUSTOM BUILDING, 29, CHURCHGATE STREET, BOMBAY.

to whom application for appointment as Stockists should be made.

WITH A

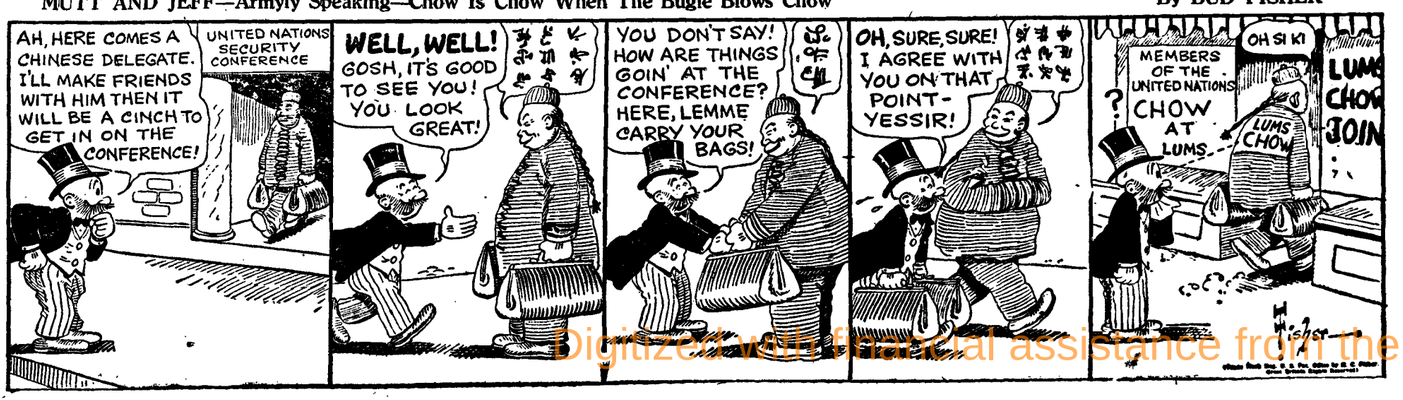
PASSING SHOW

When you feel tired, try PASSING SHOW. You will find they will act as a splendid tonic.

3 ANNAS FOR 10

MUTT AND JEFF—Armyly Speaking—Chow Is Chow When The Bugle Blows Chow

By BUD FISHER


AH, HERE COMES A CHINESE DELEGATE. I'LL MAKE FRIENDS WITH HIM THEN IT WILL BE A CINCH TO GET IN ON THE CONFERENCE!
UNITED NATIONS SECURITY CONFERENCE
WELL, WELL! GOSH, IT'S GOOD TO SEE YOU! YOU LOOK GREAT!
YOU DON'T SAY! HOW ARE THINGS GOIN' AT THE CONFERENCE? HERE, LEMME CARRY YOUR BAGS!
OH, SURE, SURE! I AGREE WITH YOU ON THAT POINT-YESSIR!
MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS
OH SI KI
CHOW AT LUMS
LUMS CHOW
LUMS CHOW JOIN
Fisher

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Tall, Handsome Widower, 35, of highly respectable Brahmin family from Andhra Province, well-educated, decently employed in Bombay, at present drawing Rs. 700/-p.m., desires to marry smart, educated lady of highly respectable Brahmin family preferably Maharashtrian or Canarese. Please Correspond Box No. 3289 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Sanitary Engineer:—Marker and Company, Bashir Bagh Road, Hyderabad-Deccan. 3258

Wanted a Gujarati-knowing Clerk, Matriculation passed, knowing accounts, general office work and/or typewriting by touch. Pay 60-3-90-5/2-100 with Provident Fund. Dearness allowance Rs. 22. Apply early in own handwriting stating age and experience. Principal, Sheth A. P. H. S. Santa Cruz. 9652

Wanted Stenographers and Typists. Apply stating previous experience and salary expected to Box No. 3299, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Home Tutor for a Matriculate boy with Sanskrit and a boy of First Standard. Write with experience and salary expected. Mr. Munshaw, 17, Laburnum-Road, Gamdevi, Bombay. 3300

Wanted: Clever and experienced Travellers, for canvassing of Patent Medicines. See personally. Dr. Shah & Co., Mahijee Bazar, Jalgaon (E.K.) (3271)

Wanted Energetic Chemist for Paints and Distemper Factory. Apply with Testimonials:—P. O. Box 1678, Nairobi (Kenya Colony) British East Africa. (9633)

Required for a well-established Transport concern a reliable and experienced Typist and Accountant to join immediately. Good prospects and permanent career assured. See personally the Manager with testimonials between 9 to 10 a.m. Punjab Khalsa Hotel, 265, Frere Rd., Fort, Bombay. (3265)

Wanted immediately Chemist for temporary appointment for fumigation of American cotton, Bombay. Minimum qualifications B.Sc. or L.T.C. Pay Rs. 75 p.m. plus dearness allowance according to rules Apply immediately to Secretary, Indian Central Cotton Committee, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (9656)

Wanted immediately Clerk, knowing Accounts, Typing, School Office work, preferably Gujerati knowing. Also Marathi Matriculate male or female teacher. See or apply stating minimum salary Principal, Nahalchand High School, Malad. 3295

SITUATION WANTED

Matric: (Ex-Airman, knowing, typewriting) seeks immediate employment anywhere, anyline. Apply Box No. 3293. "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION ADLETS

Newly built modern structure with staff Qrs., Godowns and Tanks etc. of an Oil Mill at Montgomery (Pb) area 32 Kanals being leased out for a long period. Interested parties please correspond. No. 9653 "Bombay Chronicle" so that inspection is arranged on a certain date mutually agreeable. 9653

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry within short period. For prospectus apply Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3290)

Certificates, D.Com., degree November Examinations commence everywhere, Deposit entries, Become Member, Society of Commerce, Sohangunj, Delhi. 3287

MEDICAL ADLETS

Do you envy lovely hair, long, curly, black and beautiful? It will be yours if you apply "Kunda Hair Oil", cool, perfumed and medicated pure herbal product sold everywhere. Wanted more agents. Apply: Honavar Bros., Sole Distributors, E/4, Model House, Bombay 4. 3241

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Influential Distributors willing to keep stock worth Rs. 500 initially and onwards in each principal city. Signboards, cinema slides and local papers publicity provided, where necessary. Indo Quinine Mfg. Co., (India), Meerut. 9660

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale—A Boarding and Lodging house in a best locality. Owner going abroad shortly. No brokers. Apply Box No. 3294, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale—One 400 ton Sugar Factory in very good condition. Apply to Box No. 9655A, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted 50 Silk Power Looms complete with preparatory machineries foreign make new or secondhand in good working condition. Apply Box No. 9655, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Brand New Pulveriser with Air Separator for sale. Ideally suitable for grinding and mixing Minerals, Chemicals, Plastics, etc., to required fine mesh powder. For descriptive details apply Post Box No. 1230, Fort, Bombay 1. (3263)

For Sale—complete Gur Refinery for melting 2000 maunds of Gur in very good condition. Apply to Box No. 9655, "Bombay Chronicle"

PUBLIC NOTICES

BHARAT AIRWAYS LIMITED

WE REGRET to announce that the allotment of the Bharat Airways Ltd., shares has been delayed due to reasons entirely beyond our control. First the Postal Strike, then the strike in the Imperial Bank and now the recent Calcutta disturbances,—all these unexpected events have delayed the allotment. Even now due to the Imperial Bank strike, we do not know whether many cheques have been paid or not. The balance allotment is being made and will be finished within three or four days. We regret the inconvenience that may have been caused to many of the applicants.

By order of the Board,
BIRLA BROS. LTD.,
Managing Agents.
Calcutta, 9th September, 1946
9641

MARTIN BURN LIMITED.
CONVERTIBLE NOTES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Interest due for the period 25th April, 1946, to 30th September, 1946, will be paid on or after 30th September, 1946. Claims for Interest by holders of Allotment Letters on blank transfer should be made through a Scheduled Bank. Such claims must reach the Company not later than the 30th September 1946.

T. LESLIE MARTIN.
Managing Director.
Calcutta, 9th September, 1946.
9642

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement issued by the Public Service Commission, Bengal inviting applications from Anglo-Indian or European female candidates to fill a temporary vacancy in the post of Middle School Teacher, Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong, with 15th July, 1946, as the last date for the receipt of applications, it is hereby notified for general information that the closing date has been extended to the 21st September, 1946.

Applications already received will be considered together with those which may be filed in the course of the extended period. 9649

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from experienced mechanical draughtsmen with experience of structural and transmission pylon design on a temporary basis for one year with a likelihood of extension on a salary of Rs. 250—500 per month and dearness allowance of 17 1/2 per cent or as admissible under the rules and other benefits admissible to this class of service.

Applications must be complete with brief details of work done and the nature of responsibility held.

Applications should reach the undersigned by 30th September, 1946.

HYDRO ELECTRIC ENGINEER (East).
22, Outram Road, Lucknow. 9650

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement issued by the Public Service Commission, Bengal, inviting applications from female Muslim candidates to fill a temporary post of Professor of Economics, Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, in the Bengal Educational Service (Women's Branch) with 17th July, 1946, as the last date for the receipt of applications, it is hereby notified for general information that the closing date has been extended to the 21st September, 1946.

Applications already received will be considered together with those which may be filed in the course of the extended period. 9648

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement issued by the Public Service Commission, Bengal inviting applications from Muslims, members of the Scheduled Castes and non-Muslim candidates for 3 posts of Assistant Dairy Development Officer and one post of Dairy Surveyor, with 14th July, 1946, as the last date for the receipt of applications, it is hereby notified for general information that the closing date has been extended to the 21st September, 1946.

Applications already received will be considered together with those which may be filed in the course of the extended period. 9645

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement issued by the Public Service Commission, Bengal, inviting applications from Women candidates, belonging to the Scheduled Castes to fill a post of Professor of English in the Bengal Educational Service (Women's Branch), with 17th July, 1946, as the last date for the receipt of applications, it is hereby notified for general information that the closing date has been extended to the 21st September, 1946.

Applications already received will be considered together with those which may be filed in the course of the extended period. 9647

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement issued by the Public Service Commission, Bengal, inviting applications to fill a post of Technical Wireless Officer under Home (Police) Department, Government of Bengal with 15th July 1946 as the last date for the receipt of applications, it is hereby notified for general information that the closing date has been extended to the 21st September, 1946.

Applications already received will be considered together with those which may be filed in the course of the extended period. 9644

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIV. III.)

Office of the Chief Director of Purchase, Jamnagar House, New Delhi.

DISPOSAL OF MALT AND SAMBHAR SALT
Tenders No. H/200(F) & 212(F)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of the following items:—

Description of Article.	Approximate Quantity.	Pack	Location.	Tender No
Malt	57095 lbs.	(a) 44604 lbs. in 2 tins x 23 lbs. per case and 2 tins x 24 lbs. per case. (b) 12491 lbs. in 1 Bag x 80 lbs. bags.	No. 1, IRSD, Lahore.	H/200(F)
,,	46876 lbs.	Bags of 166 lbs. pack	No. 3, IRSD, Panagar.	
,,	77670 lbs.	(a) 25 lbs. in k.o. type tins (b) 24 lbs. under sampling (c) 77623 lbs. in cases.	No. 4, IRBSD Avadi	
,,	4480 lbs.	46 lbs. case containing 2 tins x 23 lbs. per case.	No. 6 IRSD Manmad.	
,,	2240 lbs.	Packed in cases each case containing 2 tins contents 46 lbs. & 48 lbs. per case.	No. 9, IRSD, Vizagapatam	
Sambhar Salt	1342 mds. 16 srs.	Govt. Dehydration Factory, Lucknow	Gunny bags containing 2-1/2 mds.	H/212(F)

2. The stores are reported to be in good condition. No samples are available in this office. Any information required will be supplied on application.

3. The stores will be sold on a "said to contain basis" and subject to general terms and conditions of contact (Form FDM. 70z) which can be obtained free of cost from this office.

4. Earnest money calculated at five per cent of the total cost offered will be accompany each offer in the form of Reserve Bank of India draft or deposit call Receipt on any scheduled Bank. The earnest money deposit will be made in favour of Chief Director of purchase. If the tenderer refuses to honour his offer the earnest money will be liable to be forfeited.

5. Tenders will be received upto 11 A.M. on the 15th September 1946 and will be opened at 3 P.M. on 17th Sept. The tenderers or their representatives can be present at the time of opening the tender.

6. The offers should remain open upto midnight of 30-9-1946.

7. Delivery of stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed within 20 days of the issue of acceptance letter. The purchaser will be responsible for removal including movement by rail from depots to destinations.

8 The tenders will be considered for all the quantities or the entire quantity at one place, but tenders should be sent separately for Malt and Salt, giving the tender number of each item as shown above.

9. The rate quoted should be in the same units as shown above.

10. The Chief Director of Purchase reserves the right to accept or refuse, without assigning any reason whatsoever, the whole or any portion of an offer. (9622)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

WITH REFERENCE to the advertisement issued by the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Inviting applications from Muslim candidates to fill the post of Director of Statistics in the Department of Civil Supplies with 25th July, 1946, as the last date for the receipt of applications, it is hereby notified for general information that the closing date has been extended to the 21st September, 1946.

Applications already received will be considered together with those which may be filed in the course of the extended period. 9646

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS are invited from female candidates to fill a permanent vacancy in the post of Mistress of English (Junior) in the Bengal General Service at the Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong. Pay.—The scale of pay is Rs. 200-20/2-280-30/2-320 plus the usual dearness allowance. Free furnished quarters will be allowed but no board. Occupier's share of Municipal taxes is to be paid by the person appointed. Qualifications—a University degree in English with a diploma in teaching; adequate experience in teaching. Candidates should furnish the following information in their applications for which NO FORM HAS BEEN PRESCRIBED:—(1) Name, (2) Present address, (3) Age on 1st Sept. 1946, (4) Father's name, (5) Permanent address, (6) Qualifications, (7) Experience, (8) Religion. Applications together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5 under the head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous" must reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta not later than the 30th September, 1946. Applications from candidates who are in permanent or temporary employment under any Government in India will be rejected unless they are submitted through the appointing authority of their post or service. Canvassing will disqualify. Each candidate must furnish evidence of her age (copy of Matriculation certificate duly attested by a Magistrate or other responsible person), qualifications and previous experience, together with two certificates written not more than one year prior to the date of her application, from two responsible persons not related to her nor connected with her by marriage, testifying to her private character. 9643

TATA IRON AND STEEL CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the certificates for five Deferred shares Nos. D23002, 22822, 36808, 17714 and 33485 of the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., standing in the joint names of Mrs. Meherbai Tehemurasp Marfatia and Mr. Tehemurasp Merwanji Marfatia have been lost or mislaid and the undersigned have applied to the Company to issue duplicate certificates for the said shares. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such claim with the Company at its registered office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue duplicate share certificate.

MEHERBAI T. MARFATIA,
TEHMURASP M. MARFATIA,
9661

NOTIFICATION.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING SITES KALASIPALYA LAYOUT, BANGALORE CITY.

VALUABLE BUILDING SITES in the above layout to the west of Sri Jayachamarajendra Road, in close proximity to the Lalbagh, Market, Town Hall, Public Offices, Courts, Schools, Colleges, Banks and Cubbon Park, will be sold by Public auction at the spot at 9-30 a.m. on 19-9-1946 and subsequent days.

Copy of the conditions of sale and plan of sites are available in the Municipal Engineer's office, for sale at 0-4-0 and Re. 1-0-0 respectively.

(Sd) SAFI DARA SHAH,
Municipal Commissioner.
(9613)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY

IN CONSEQUENCE of the death of Mr. Dattatraya Vithal Pradhan an elected Councillor from Ward No. 18 (Parbhadevi—Worli), a casual vacancy of a Councillor has occurred under Section 9 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended upto-date. I, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22(3) and 25 of the said Act hereby fix TUESDAY, the 1st October 1946 for a ward Election to fill up the aforesaid vacancy.

Nomination papers will be issued on working days during Office hours from Tuesday, the 24th September, 1946 to Monday, the 30th September 1946 and on Tuesday the 1st October, 1946 upto 4 P.M. (B.T.) at the Election Department, City Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road. In the event of the election being contested the Poll will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th October 1946.

N. V. MODAK,
Ag. Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office.
Bombay, 27th August, 1946.
(9639)

NOTICE.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificates for two ordinary shares Nos. 3071 and 6229 standing in the name of Mr. Jethalal Ramji and Mrs. Kamravanti Jethalal of Bombay in the books of the above Company is reported to have been LOST or MISLAID.

Any claim in respect of the said shares should be notified to the Registered Office of the Company, Scindia House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month hereof, otherwise duplicate certificates will be issued.

For Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents,
Managing Agents.
3297

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY
POONA RACES—GOVERNOR'S CUP

TO CATER for the anticipated large number of passengers desiring to attend the Poona Races on Saturday, 14th instant, (Governor's Cup Day), the G. I. P. Railway will run 2 Race Specials as follows:—

(1) FOR I AND II CLASS PASSENGERS (including Dining Car)

Bombay. V. T.	dep. 10-00 hrs. (a.m.)
Poona	arr. 13-10 hrs.
Poona	dep. 19-20 hrs.
Dadar	arr. 22-14 hrs.
Byculla	arr. 22-23 hrs.
Bombay V. T.	arr 22-35 hrs.

Upper class tickets and reservation tickets for this train will be issued from 10-00 hours on Friday, September 13th.

(2) FOR 3RD CLASS PASSENGERS

Bombay. V. T.	dep. 9-35 hrs.
Poona	arr 12-45 hrs.
Poona	dep. 19-35 hrs.
Dadar	arr. 22-29 hrs.
Byculla	arr. 22-38 hrs.
Bombay. V. T.	arr. 22-50 hrs.

Third class tickets for this train will be issued from the upper class booking office at V.T. from 8 hours on Saturday, September, 14th. 9637

G. I. P. RLY.—NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Season-Ticket holders EX Poona or Shivajinagar to Talegaon or VICE VERSA are now permitted to travel by 34 Up Poona Passenger between these points. 9559

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that LAXMIDAS GOVERDHANDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Bai Tarabai wife of the said Laxmidas Goverdhandas Goculdas Tejpal and Purshottam Mathuradas Goculdas, the Trustees of an Indenture of Trust dated the 14th day of August, 1930, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, possession, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Examiner Press Building, Dalal Street, within the Fort of Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All and singular (leasehold) land, hereditaments and premises being Plot No. 45A, situate at Alexandra Road, Gamdevi Estate, formerly of the Trustees for the Improvement for the City of Bombay, but now of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay together with the messuages, tenements and buildings thereon comprised in and demised by an Indenture of Lease bearing date 31st March, 1921, made between the said Trustees by the direction of Sir Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey and others and Sorabji Nusserwanji Khambatta and another, situate at in the town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 612 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7335, Cadastral Survey No. 1/493 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2884(1), Street No. 8 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North East by Alexandra Road, on the South East by Plot No. 45 of the said Estate formerly leased to Pheroze Sorabji Contractor, on or towards the South West by a service passage, on or towards the North West by plot No. 46 of the said Estate formerly agreed to be leased to Rustomji Perojsha Bharucha.

Dated this 11th day of September, 1946.

GAMANLAL TOLAT & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(9657)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits standing in the name of CHANDRAKUMAR KARSANDAS also known as CHANDRAKUMAR KARSANDAS DHARAMNEY and CHANDRAKUMAR K. M. JAITHA, of Bombay Hindu, a landlord, at the time of his death residing at Nepean Sea Road outside the Fort of Bombay. Deceased.

CHANDRAPRABHA, widow of the abovenamed deceased also of Bombay Hindu, residing at Chandra Bhuwan, Nepean Sea Road, outside the Fort of Bombay...Petitioner

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 28th day of August 1946.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
Messrs. DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
(9658)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDER

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Kardi Oil to the Railway's Grainshops situated at Poona, Shivajinagar, Lonavla, Dehu Road, Dhond and Ahmadnagar from 1-10-1946. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of tenders is the 20th September, 1946, (3 P.M.). (9616)

Civil Supplies Department
Bombay Castle, 22nd August 46.
NOTIFICATION.

No. 24(3)/VII.—In pursuance of the provisions of clause 22 of the Bombay Cotton Yarn Trade Regulation Order, 1946, the Government of Bombay is pleased to authorise the following Officers to exercise powers specified in the said clause within the area comprising the City of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District:—

(1) Addl. Director of Civil Supplies (Enforcement)
(2) Deputy Provincial Textile Controllers.
(3) Asst. Textiles Controllers.
(4) Textile Officers—Working under the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay.
(5) Chief Textile Inspectors—Working under the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay.
(6) Senior Textile Inspectors—Working under the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay
(7) Textile Inspectors—Working under the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay.
(8) Senior Textile Supervisors—Working under the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay.
(9) Senior Textile Inspectors—Working under the Addl. Director of Civil Supplies (Enforcement) Bombay.
(10) Textile Inspectors—Working under the Addl. Director of Civil Supplies (Enforcement) Bombay.

2. With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the Order should be given by :—

(a) the publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette.
(b) the publication of the same in the following papers namely:—
(1) Times of India.
(2) Bombay Chronicle.
(3) Free Press Journal
(4) Morning Standard.
(5) Nawakal.
(6) Vividh Vritta.
(7) Jam-e-Jamshed.
(8) Bombay Samachar.
(9) Mumbai Vartman.
(10) Samyukta Karnatak.
(11) Dnyan Prakash.
(12) Kesari.
(13) Ajmal.
(14) Roznama-e-Khilafat.

and (c) supplying copies of the same to the Chambers of Commerce and Yarn Merchants' Associations in the City of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District.

By Order of the
Governor of Bombay,
W. G. HULLAND,
Jt. Secretary to Government.
(9651)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

On and from 11th September, 1946, owing to the disturbed conditions in the City, the Bank's business hours at the Head Office and both the local Branches will, until further notice, be as under:—

WEEK DAYS
10-30 A.M. to 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).
SATURDAYS
10-30 A.M. to 1 P.M. (S.T.).

A. J. DOCTOR,
Manager.
9643

G. I. P. RAILWAY
BOMBAY-POONA WEEK-END TRAIN SERVICE

OWING to insufficient patronage, the additional Express train previously advertised to run from Poona to Bombay on Mondays leaving Poona at 8-20 hours WILL NOT in future be run.

An additional Express train for I, II and III class passengers including a dining car for upper class passengers will, however, be run from Poona to Bombay on Sunday afternoons from Sunday, 15th September to Sunday, 13th October, both days inclusive, to the following timings:—

Poona	...	Dep.	14-45 hours.
Shivajinagar	...	,,	14-50 ,,
Kirkee	...	,,	14-59 ,,
Lonavla	...	,,	15-56 ,,
Khandala	...	,,	16-08 ,,
Karjat	...	,,	16-51 ,,
Kalyan	...	Arr.	17-43 ,,
Dadar	...	,,	18-25 ,,
Byculla	...	,,	18-35 ,,
Bombay V.T.	...	,,	18-55 ,,

9638

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF MILITARY STRUCTURES such as Administration Block, Operation Theatre, X-Ray Block, Pump House, Coal House, Senior Staff Quarters, Battery Shed, Air Conditioning and Anaesthetic Rooms, and Overhead Water Tanks, etc., at Elphinstone High School's Compound, Cruickshank Road near Dhobi Talao, on SATURDAY, 14th instant at 11-30 p.m. (S.T.) under instructions from the Lands Hirings and Disposals Service, Bombay.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDINGS MATERIALS OF ABOUT 6 MILITARY STRUCTURES.

Under instructions from the Lands, Hirings and Disposals Service, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on MONDAY, the 16th instant at 11 a.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at V. S. Depot, Borivli: Gate Office, Store Kit, Garages, Latrines, Urinals, Sheds, Bathing places, Barracks, Static Watertanks, Incinerators.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

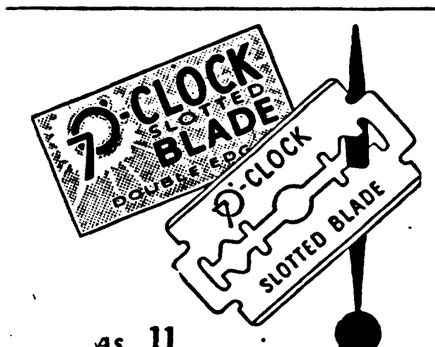
BENNETT & CO.

"WIT" ROLLER SKINS

Belting Buffers, etc. manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD. highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents, THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO., LTD., 9, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. Phone: 23609

Dry Cambre Liquid and Dry SUEDE DRESSINGS

MIDLAND AGENCIES INDIA, LTD.
3, Ramgali, LAHORE.



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